

# THE BUDGET AND THE BOARD

The General Conference of the International Atomic Energy Agency, which met for its third regular session in Vienna from 22 September to 2 October 1959, examined and approved the Agency's budget estimates for 1960, amounting to a total of US \$8 233 000. The budget provides \$5 843 000 for regular expenses, \$333 000 for the Agency's laboratory facilities, \$57 000 for the mobile radioisotope laboratories, and \$2 000 000 for technical assistance and the fellowship and training programme. The regular expenses are met out of the assessed contributions of Member States. So far as the operational activities are concerned, a target of \$1 500 000 has been set for voluntary contributions. Pledges of voluntary contributions, totalling the equivalent of more than \$900 000, were made by various Member States during the General Conference.

The Conference also approved the Agency's programme of work for 1960. Among the resolutions adopted by the Conference in this connexion was one calling for further steps to accelerate the programme of assistance to the less developed countries with the production of nuclear power. Another resolution adopted by the Conference called for further efforts by the Agency for the preparation of manuals of safe practice in the peaceful applications of nuclear energy and radioactive materials.



The first meeting of the new Board of Governors at which the Chairman and the Vice-Chairmen were elected

The constitution of IAEA's Board of Governors for the year 1959-1960 was completed with the election of five members by the General Conference. The Conference elected Bulgaria, Ceylon, Mexico, the Philippines and Spain to serve on the Board for a two-year term. Five other members - Indonesia, the Netherlands, Peru, the United Arab Republic and Venezuela - had been elected by the General Conference in 1958 for a period of two years.

The newly-elected members succeed Argentina, Korea, Pakistan, Romania and Turkey who were elected for a two-year term at the first session of the General Conference in 1957.

Of the 23 members of the Board, ten are elected by the General Conference and 13 designated annually by the Board itself. In July 1959, the Board designated the following 13 members for the current year: Australia, Brazil, Canada, Czechoslovakia, France, India, Japan, Norway, Portugal, the Union of South Africa, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom and the United States of America.

The Governors on the present Board are: Dr. H. G. Raggatt (Australia), Mr. R. Archer (Brazil), Mr. M.H. Wershof (Canada), Mr. S.P. Wickremasinha (Ceylon), Dr. K. Petrzelka (Czechoslovakia), Dr. B. Goldschmidt (France), Mr. A.S. Lall (India), Dr. T. Sudjarwo (Indonesia), Dr. H. Furuuchi (Japan), Dr. C. Graef Fernandez (Mexico), Mr. H. F. Eschauzier (Netherlands), Mr. D. Bryn (Norway), General J. Sarmiento (Peru), Dr. R. Regala (Philippines), Mr. M. de Fontes Pereira de Mello Fonseca (Portugal), Prof. A. Duran Miranda (Spain), Mr. D.B. Sole (South Africa), Prof. V.S. Emelyanov (USSR), Mr. I. Fahmy (UAR), Mr. M.I. Michaels (UK), Mr. Paul F. Foster (USA) and Dr. M. Roche (Venezuela). The name of the Governor for Bulgaria had not been communicated to the Agency's Secretariat at the time of going to press.

At its first meeting, the Board elected Mr. D.B. Sole (South Africa) as its Chairman, and Dr. K. Petrzelka (Czechoslovakia) and Mr. I. Fahmy (UAR) as Vice-Chairmen.

*Note: Since this article was sent to press, the Secretariat has been informed that Professor G. Nadjakov has been nominated Governor for Bulgaria.*



Donald B. Sole, Chairman



Ismail Fahmy, Vice-Chairman



Karel Petrzelka, Vice-Chairman

## CONFERENCES AND TRAINING COURSES RELATING TO ATOMIC ENERGY

February - June 1960

Extract from the periodic publication "Atomic Energy: Conferences, Meetings, Training Courses" which is available free of charge to those specially interested from the Division of Scientific and Technical Information, IAEA, Kärntnering 11, Vienna I

<i>Date</i>	<i>Subject and Location</i>	<i>Convening Body and/or Organizers or Sponsors</i>	<i>Address for Enquiries</i>
Jan. 4 - Feb. 12	Standard Course on Reactor Technique (No. 20, Part I) (Harwell Reactor School, Didcot, Berkshire, UK)	Harwell Reactor School	Mr. J. F. Hill, Principal, Reactor School, Atomic Energy Research Establishment, Harwell, Didcot, Berkshire, UK
Jan. 11 - Feb. 5	General Isotope Course - No. 59 (Isotope School, Wantage Radiation Laboratories, Wantage, Berkshire, UK)	United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority Isotope School	UKAEA Isotope School, Wantage Radiation Laboratories, Wantage, Berkshire, UK
Jan. 20 - Feb. 17	Training Course on Radioisotopes, including two-day Seminar on Atomic Energy in Agriculture (New Delhi, India)	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; International Atomic Energy Agency	Mr. W. J. Ellis, Director, UNESCO South Asia, Science Cooperation Office, 21 Curzon Road, New Delhi, India
Feb. 1 - for 12 weeks	Course on Design, Construction and Operation of Nuclear Reactors (Chalk River, Ontario, Canada)	Chalk River Reactor School	Mr. W. R. Livingston, Secretary, Chalk River Reactor School, Chalk River, Ont., Canada
Feb. 3 - 5	Western Industrial Isotope Conference (San Francisco, California, USA)	United States Atomic Energy Commission; University of California; Stanford Research Institute	Mr. L. M. Grossman, Univ. of California, 2451 Bancroft Way, Berkeley, California, USA
Feb. 8 - 12	Course on Radioactive Pollutants in Water (Cincinnati, Ohio, USA)	Robert A. Taft Sanitary Engineering Centre	Chief, Training Programme, Sanitary Engineering Centre, 4676 Columbia Parkway, Cincinnati 26, Ohio, USA