### Information (16:00), December 28, 2022

To All Missions (Embassies, Consular posts and International Organizations in Japan)

### Report on the discharge record and the seawater monitoring results at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station during November

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs wishes to provide all international Missions in Japan with a report on the discharge record and seawater monitoring results with regard to groundwater pumped from the sub-drain and groundwater drain systems, as well as, bypassing groundwater pumped during the month of November at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (NPS).

### 1. Summary of decommissioning and contaminated water management

In November the summary of monthly progress on decommissioning and contaminated water management of Fukushima Daiichi NPS was issued shown in Appendix 1. For more information, please see the following URL: <a href="https://www.meti.go.jp/english/earthquake/nuclear/decommissioning/pdf/mp202211.p">https://www.meti.go.jp/english/earthquake/nuclear/decommissioning/pdf/mp202211.p</a>

<u>off</u>

### 2. Sub-drain and Groundwater Drain Systems

In November purified groundwater pumped from the sub-drain and groundwater drain systems was discharged on the dates shown in Appendix 2. Prior to every discharge, an analysis on the quality of the purified groundwater to be discharged was conducted by Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) and the results were announced.

All the test results during the month of November have confirmed that the radiation levels of sampled water were substantially below the operational targets set by TEPCO (these operational targets are well below the density limit specified by the Reactor Regulation). The results of these analyses were also confirmed by third-party organization (Tohoku Ryokka Kankyohozen Co.).

In addition, TEPCO and Japan Atomic Energy Agency (JAEA), at the request of the Government of Japan, regularly conduct more detailed analyses on the purified groundwater. The results of JAEA's latest analyses confirmed that TEPCO's analyses were accurate and verified that the radiation levels of sampled groundwater was substantially below the operational target (see Appendix 3).

Moreover, TEPCO publishes the results of analyses conducted on seawater sampled during the discharge operation at the nearest seawater sampling post from the discharge point (see Appendix 4). The results show that the radiation levels of seawater remain lower than the density limit specified by the Reactor Regulation and significant change in the radioactivity has not been observed.

### 3. Groundwater Bypassing

In November, the pumped bypassing groundwater was discharged on the dates shown in Appendix 5. Prior to every discharge, an analysis on the quality of the groundwater to be discharged was conducted by TEPCO and the results were announced.

All the test results during the month of November have confirmed that the radiation levels of sampled water were substantially below the operational targets set by TEPCO (these operational targets are well below the density limit specified by the Reactor Regulation). The results of these analyses were also confirmed by Japan Chemical Analysis Center.

In addition, TEPCO and JAEA, at the request of the Government of Japan, regularly conduct more detailed analyses on the groundwater. The results of JAEA's latest analyses confirmed that TEPCO's analyses were accurate and verified that the radiation levels of the sampled groundwater were substantially below the operational target (see Appendix 6).

Moreover, TEPCO publishes analysis results on seawater sampled during the discharge operation at the nearest seawater sampling post from the discharge point (see Appendix 7). The result shows that the radiation levels in seawater remain lower than the density limit specified by the Reactor Regulation and significant change in the radioactivity has not been observed. The analysis had been conducted once a month until March 2017. Since April 2017, it is conducted four times a year because there has been no significant fluctuation in the concentration of radioactive materials in the sea water, and no influence on the surrounding environment has been confirmed.

The sampling process for analyses conducted this month is the same as the one conducted in the information disseminated last month. Results of the analyses are shown in the attached appendices:

(For further information, please contact TEPCO at (Tel: 03-6373-1111) or refer to the TEPCO's website:

http://www.tepco.co.jp/en/nu/fukushima-np/handouts/index-e.html)

Contact: International Nuclear Energy Cooperation Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Tel 03-5501-8227 Appenix

# November 24, 2022 November 24, 2022 Secretariat of the Team for Countempassures for Outline of Decommissioning, Contaminated Water and Treated Water Management Decommissioning, Contaminated Water and Treated Water

must comply with regulatory and other safety standards to safeguard the

August 4, 2022

July 22, 2022

December 21,

2021

Regarding the discharge of ALPS treated water into the sea, TEPCC

Handling of ALPS treated water

Measures for treated water

# Main decommissioning work and steps

Work continues sequentially toward the start of fuel removal from Units 1 and 2 and debris <sub>(Note 1)</sub> retrieval from Units 1-3. Fuel removal from the spent fuel pool was completed in December 2014 at Unit 4 and on February 28, 2021 at Unit 3. (Note 1) Fuel assemblies having melted through in the accident.

public, the surrounding environment and agricultural, forestry and fishery products. To minimize adverse impacts on reputation, monitoring will be further enhanced and objectivity and transparency ensured by engaging with third-party experts and having safety checked by the IAEA. Moreover, accurate information will be disseminated with full ransparency on an ongoing basis. Contaminated Water, Treated Water and Decommissioning issues" held on April 13, Set in "The Inter-Ministerial Council for Government Subcommittee on Handling of ALPS treated Water Within 2021
\* Due to the spread of COVID-19, we have revised the plan to start from the second half of fiscal 2023 to improve safety and reliability. FY2027 - FY2028 FY2024 - FY2026 <Milestones in the Mid- and Long-Term Roadmap> Start of fuel debris retrieval Dismantling Units 1-6 Completion of fuel removal Start of fuel removal Start of fuel removal /Transportation First unit Unit 2 Design and manufacturing of devices /equipment Unit 1 Unit 2 /Transportation Units 3 and 4 technology consideration PCV /Consideration of retrieval methods, etc. Understanding the situation inside the removal equipment Installation of fuel Dismantling Facilities Units 1 and 2 Fuel Debris Retrieval Fuel Removal from SFP

# Contaminated water management - triple-pronged efforts -

- Efforts to promote contaminated water management based on the three basic policies
  - "Remove" the source of water contamination (2) "Redirect" fresh water from contaminated areas (3) "Retain" contaminated water from leakage
- Strontium-reduced water from other equipment is being re-treated in the Advanced Liquid Processing System (ALPS: multi-nuclide removal equipment) and stored in welded-joint tanks.
- water generated during rainfall is being suppressed by repairing damaged portions of building and sub-drains, have stabilized the groundwater at a low level and the increased contaminated roofs, facing onsite, etc. Through these measures, the generation of contaminated water was Multi-layered contaminated water management measures, including land-side impermeable walls reduced from approx. 540 m³/day (in May 2014) to approx 130 m³/day (in FY2021).
- Measures continue to further suppress the generation of contaminated water to 100 m<sup>3</sup>/day or less within 2025

# (2) Efforts to complete stagnant water treatment

- To reduce the stagnant water levels in buildings as planned, work to install additional stagnant water transfer equipment is underway. At present, the floor surface exposure condition can be maintained except for the Unit 1-3 Reactor Buildings, Process Main Building and the High-Temperature Incinerator Building.
  - In 2020, treatment of stagnant water in buildings was completed, except for the Unit 1-3 Reactor Buildings, Process Main Building and High-Temperature Incinerator Building. For Reactor Buildings, the amount of stagnant water there will be reduced to about half the amount at the end of 2020 during the period FY2022-2024.
- For zeolite sandbags on the basement floors of the Process Main Building and High-Temperature Incinerator Building, measures to reduce the radiation dose are being examined with stabilization

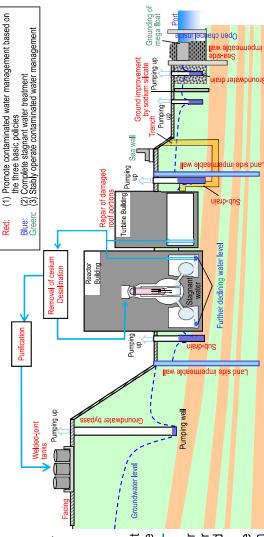
## Efforts to stably operate contaminated water management <u>က</u>

\*1 Including radiation impact assessment on human beings and the environme \*2 Discharges into the sea will be conducted gradually during the initial phase

TEPCO

TEPCO Nuclear Regulation

install sea walls to enhance drainage channels and other measures is being implemented as Various measures are underway to prepare for tsunamis. For heavy rain, sandbags are being installed to suppress direct inflow into buildings while work to close openings in buildings and planned



## Progress status

The temperatures of the Reactor and the Primary Containment Vessel of Units 1-3 have been maintained stable.
There was no significant change in the concentration of radioactive materials newly released from Reactor Buildings into the air. It was concluded that the comprehensive cold shutdown condition had been maintained.

## Submission of the Application Documents for Approval to Amend Implementation Plan regarding Handling of ALPS treated Water

such as operation and maintenance management verify that the discharge criteria is satisfied before facility, nuclides to be measured and assessed to TEPCO submitted the Application Documents for Additional description and revision were made environmental impact assessment results based Approval to Amend the Implementation Plan to EPCO will respond sincerely to the reviews for the organizational structure within TEPCO on the reviewed nuclides to be measured and of the ALPS treated water dilution/ discharge assessed. Subsequently, on November 14, discharge into the sea and the radiation the Nuclear Regulation Agency (NRA).

## AEA review of the safety aspects of ALPS treated water (second review the

From November 14∼18, a delegation of the International

Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) visited Japan and reviewed the safety aspects of ALPS treated water.

standards, the reflection status of items pointed out by IAEA in the previous review (mainly in the radiation environmental conducted about the details of the "Application Documents for Approval to Amend the Implementation Plan" (review of nuclides to be measured and assessed, revised radiation In the review. based on the IAEA international safety environmental impact assessment report and others) submitted by TEPCO to the NRA on November 14. assessment) was examined and discussions were

The results of this review will be published as a report from IAEA around the beginning of the following year.

# Operation start of continuous monitoring of Drainage Channel D

For Drainage Channel D, as part of efforts to eliminate operation started from August 30 mainly in areas with a the flooding risk around the Units 1-4 buildings due to heavy rain, a propulsion tunnel was installed and low dose on the west side of the site

Before the connection, continuous monitoring facilities for the drainage concentration have been prepared. To further mitigate the flooding risk around the Unit 1-4 buildings during heavy rain, a portion of rain in the area of high ground on the mountain side of the Unit 1-4 buildings will be conveyed to Drainage Channel D.

Channel D and monitoring of the drainage will continue. ground area on the mountain side of the Unit 1-4 buildings will be sequentially connected with Drainage From November 29, remotely operated continuous monitoring will start. Moreover, a portion of the high

Drainage Channel D Drainage Channel B Location of continuous Drainage Channel A monitoring facility (after replacement Unit 6 Unit 5

<Arrangement of on-site drainage>

### conservation for land-side impermeable Examination of status monitoring facilities brine supply pipe

1535/1535\*1

(Fuel removal completed on December 22, 2014)

FHM girder

Shield

Shield

Front chambe

Spent Fuel Pool (SFP)

Operating floor

conducted by the NRA

Cover bag

Pedestal . debris Fue Suppression

Vesse (RPV)

Removed fuel (assemblies)

Fuel-handling (machine Crane

566/566 (Fuel removal completed on February 28, 2021)

Dome roof

Removed fuel (assemblies)

In February, leakage from the refrigerant supply pipe of the land-side impermeable wall facilities measurement results, monitoring methods are was detected. From August, the space of the leakage part was measured. Based on the being examined.

The feasibility of early detection of degradation tendency by installing status monitoring sensors in the leakage part and other locations is being examined. Mockup tests of the sensor will be conducted from the beginning of next year.

<u>The latter half of the Unit 1 PCV internal investigation will commence in early December</u>

\*1 Including two new fuel assemblies removed first in 2012. Cover for fuel remova Unit 4 Unit 3 nsta**ll**ation of the gantry foundation is undernway Unit 2 underway Installation of the temporary gantry is Reactor Building (R/B) Unit 1 Reactor Pressure chamber (SC)

# Progress of fuel removal from the Unit 2 spent fuel pool

Inside the building, removal of the fuel-handling machine control room which interferes with the installation hindrances inside the building (existing facilities on the of the new fuel-handling machine has been underway since August 22. After completing the removal, other south side of the pool) will be removed.

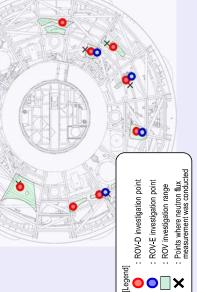
foundation is underway from September 13. Outside the August 31 and assembled steel frames will be carried in concrete placement of the 2nd (final) layer for the gantry Outside the building, the gantry is being installed and site, ground assembly of steel frames proceeds from from mid-January for on-site assembly.

Work continues prioritizing safety above all.

<Steel frame unit connection verification (November 5, 2022)>

The latter half of the Unit 1 Primary investigation will commence in early Containment Vessel (PCV) internal December

(nuclide analysis of gamma-ray) will be First, the debris detection by ROV-D investigative results will be evaluated conducted at eight points and for about 2-4 weeks. Moreover, preparation is underway to commence deposit sampling by ROV-E from January 2023.



<Points of the PCV internal investigation by ROV-D and E>

Results of analyses on the quality of the purified groundwater pumped from the subdrain and groundwater drain systems at Fukushima Daiichi NPS (made available by TEPCO prior to discharge)

			(Unit: Bq/L)
Date of sampling	Detected	Analyti	cal body
*Date of discharge	nuclides	TEPCO	Third-party organization
	Cs-134	ND (0.74)	ND (0.57)
November 26 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.47)	ND (0.54)
*Discharged on December1 <sup>st</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.8)	ND (0.35)
2000	H-3	830	890
	Cs-134	ND (0.64)	ND (0.66)
November 25 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.54)	ND (0.50)
*Discharged on November 30 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.71)	ND (0.34)
TVOVOITIBOT OU	H-3	840	890
244	Cs-134	ND (0.75)	ND (0.69)
November 24 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.67)
*Discharged on November 29 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (2.0)	ND (0.33)
Novombol 20	H-3	890	960
	Cs-134	ND (0.63)	ND (0.59)
November 23 <sup>rd</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.57)
*Discharged on November 28 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.30)
November 20	H-3	870	930
	Cs-134	ND (0.75)	ND (0.60)
November 22 <sup>nd</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.63)
*Discharged on November 27 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.35)
	H-3	930	980
	Cs-134	ND (0.72)	ND (0.62)
November 21 <sup>st</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on November 26 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.35)
	H-3	960	1000
	Cs-134	ND (0.58)	ND (0.65)
November 20 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.67)
*Discharged on November 25 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	0.39
	H-3	880	930
November 19 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-134	ND (0.64)	ND (0.59)

	Cs-137	ND (0.60)	ND (0.64)
*Discharged on November 24 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.69)	ND (0.64)
rieveniller 21	H-3	ND (2.0)	ND (0.34)
		900	970
November 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-134	ND (0.59)	ND (0.49)
·	Cs-137	ND (0.60)	ND (0.52)
*Discharged on November 23 <sup>rd</sup>	Gross β	ND (2.0)	ND (0.34)
	H-3	890	960
November 17th 2022	Cs-134	ND (0.52)	ND (0.50)
November 17 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.54)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on November 22 <sup>nd</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.65)	ND (0.36)
	H-3	840	910
	Cs-134	ND (0.57)	ND (0.62)
November 16 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.69)
*Discharged on November 21 <sup>st</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.39)
November 21	H-3	890	950
	Cs-134	ND (0.59)	ND (0.69)
November 15 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.73)	ND (0.50)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.8)	ND (0.34)
November 20 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	930	1000
	Cs-134	ND (0.72)	ND (0.62)
November 14 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.47)	ND (0.67)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (2.1)	ND (0.35)
November 19 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	910	990
	Cs-134	ND (0.74)	ND (0.69)
November 13 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.62)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.8)	ND (0.33)
November 18 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	910	970
	Cs-134	ND (0.58)	ND (0.71)
November 11 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.30)
November 18 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	890	940
	Cs-134	ND (0.61)	ND (0.54)
November 12 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.73)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.8)	ND (0.33)
November 17 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	870	920
	Cs-134	ND (0.56)	ND (0.41)
November 10 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.54)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (0.03)	0.48
November 15 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	840	890
November 9 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-134		
·		ND (0.75)	ND (0.53)
*Discharged on	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.77)

November 14 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.59)	ND (0.37)
	H-3	820	880
	Cs-134	ND (0.75)	ND (0.58)
November 8 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.60)	ND (0.67)
*Discharged on November 13 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.36)
November 15	H-3	810	900
	Cs-134	ND (0.52)	ND (0.47)
November 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.73)
*Discharged on November 12 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (2.1)	ND (0.38)
November 12	H-3	810	850
	Cs-134	ND (0.55)	ND (0.52)
November 6 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.70)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.8)	0.36
November 11 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	740	770
	Cs-134	ND (0.56)	ND (0.61)
November 5 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.73)	ND (0.58)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.9)	ND (0.35)
November 10 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	770	840
	Cs-134	ND (0.57)	ND (0.64)
November 4 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.54)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (2.0)	ND (0.36)
November 9 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	800	840
	Cs-134	ND (0.70)	ND (0.73)
November 3 <sup>rd</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.77)	ND (0.76)
*Discharged on November 8 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.7)	ND (0.38)
November o	H-3	760	810
	Cs-134	ND (0.61)	ND (0.79)
November 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.67)	ND (0.66)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.5)	ND (0.38)
November 7 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	750	820
	Cs-134	ND (0.53)	ND (0.58)
November 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.67)	ND (0.58)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (0.69)	ND (0.36)
November 6 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	760	830
	Cs-134	ND (0.61)	ND (0.59)
October 31st, 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.76)	ND (0.61)
*Discharged on	Gross β	ND (1.6)	ND (0.39)
November 5 <sup>th</sup>	H-3	720	780
October 30th, 2022	Cs-134	ND (0.54)	ND (0.64)
*Discharged on	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.66)
November 4 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.8)	ND (0.34)

	H-3	690	770
0.4.100#	Cs-134	ND (0.79)	ND (0.58)
October 29 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.70)
*Discharged on November 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Gross β	ND (1.7)	ND (0.33)
November 3	H-3	710	760
0.4.100%	Cs-134	ND (0.69)	ND (0.71)
October 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.65)	ND (0.58)
*Discharged on November 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.63)	ND (0.32)
November 2	H-3	720	760

- \* \* ND: represents a value below the detection limit; values in ( ) represent the detection limit.
- \* In order to ensure the results, third-party organizations have also conducted an analysis and verified the radiation level of the sampled water.
- \* Third-party organization : Tohoku Ryokka Kankyohozen Co., Ltd

Result of detailed analyses conducted by TEPCO, JAEA, and Japan Chemical Analysis Center (In order to confirm the validity of analysis, the Government of Japan also requests JAEA; and TEPCO requests Japan Chemical Analysis Center to conduct independent analyses)

(Unit: Bq/L)

	Detected		Analytical body	
Date of sampling	nuclides	JAEA	TEPCO	Japan Chemical Analysis Center
	Cs-134	ND (0.0029)	ND (0.0047)	ND (0.0062)
	Cs-137	0.0030	ND (0.0039)	ND (0.0050)
October 1 <sup>st</sup> ,2022	Gross α	ND (0.43)	ND (2.5)	ND (1.8)
October 1°,2022	Gross β	ND (0.47)	ND (0.59)	ND (0.57)
	H-3	590	580	590
	Sr-90	ND (0.0050)	ND (0.0032)	ND (0.0061)

<sup>\*</sup> ND: represents a value below the detection limit; values in ( ) represent the detection limit.

(Reference) (Unit: Bq/L)

Radionuclides	Operational Targets	Density Limit specified by the Reactor Regulation	World Health Organization (WHO) Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality
Cs-134	1	60	10
Cs-137	1	90	10
Gross α	_	_	_
Gross β	3 (1) *		_
H-3	1,500	60,000	10,000
Sr-90	_	30	10

 $<sup>\</sup>divideontimes$  The operational target of Gross  $\beta$  is 1 Bq/L in the survey which is conducted once every ten days.

The reference table shows the values of operational targets before discharge. Since the values after discharge contain natural radioactive materials in seawater, there will be differences between the values and the operational targets values.

Results of analysis on the seawater sampled near the discharge point (North side of Units 5 and 6 discharge channel)

Date of sampling	Detected nuclides	Sampling point (South discharge channel)
September5 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-134	ND (0.72)
	Cs-137	ND (0.51)
*Sampled before discharge of purified	Gross β	9.1
groundwater.	H-3	ND (0.31)

Results of analyses on the water quality of the groundwater pumped up for bypassing at Fukushima Daiichi NPS (made available by TEPCO prior to discharge)

	1		(OIIII. Bq/I	
Date of sampling			Analytical body	
*Date of discharge	Detected nuclides	TEPCO	Third-party organization	
Ala	Cs-134	ND (0.58)	ND (0.53)	
November 25 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.64)	
*Discharged on December 1 <sup>st</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.62)	ND (0.27)	
December 1 <sup>-1</sup>	H-3	51	57	
	Cs-134	ND (0.68)	ND (0.67)	
November 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.60)	ND (0.52)	
*Discharged on November 23 <sup>rd</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.64)	ND (0.32)	
November 23	H-3	63	63	
	Cs-134	ND (0.56)	ND (0.57)	
November 10 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.69)	ND (0.55)	
*Discharged on November 17 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.56)	ND (0.30)	
November 17	H-3	62	66	
and a	Cs-134	ND (0.71)	ND (0.58)	
November 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 2022	Cs-137	ND (0.72)	ND (0.63)	
*Discharged on November 7 <sup>th</sup>	Gross β	ND (0.60)	ND (0.32)	
November /	H-3	52	56	

<sup>\* \*</sup> ND: represents a value below the detection limit; values in ( ) represent the detection limit

<sup>\*</sup> In order to ensure the results, third-party organizations have also conducted an analysis and verified the radiation level of the sampled water.

<sup>\*</sup> Third-party organization: Tohoku Ryokka Kankyohozen Co., Ltd

Result of detailed analyses conducted by TEPCO, JAEA, and Japan Chemical Analysis Center (In order to confirm the validity of analysis, the Government of Japan also requests JAEA; and TEPCO requests Japan Chemical Analysis Center to conduct independent analyses)

(Unit: Bq/L)

			Analytical body	
Date of sampling	Detected nuclides	JAEA	TEPCO	Japan Chemical Analysis Center
	Cs-134	ND (0.0024)	ND (0.0049)	ND (0.0063)
	Cs-137	ND (0.0020)	ND (0.0041)	ND (0.0048)
October 5 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Gross α	ND (0.50)	ND (3.8)	ND (1.8)
October 5 , 2022	Gross β	ND (0.46)	ND (0.71)	ND (0.53)
	H-3	54	52	53
	Sr-90	ND (0.0011)	ND (0.0012)	ND (0.0058)

<sup>\*</sup> ND: represents a value below the detection limit; values in ( ) represent the detection limit.

(Reference) (Unit: Bq/L)

Radionuclides	Operational Targets	Density Limit specified by the Reactor Regulation	World Health Organization (WHO) Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality
Cs-134	1	60	10
Cs-137	1	90	10
Gross α	_	_	_
Gross β	5 (1) *	_	_
H-3	1,500	60,000	10,000
Sr-90	_	30	10

 $<sup>\</sup>divideontimes$  The operational target of Gross  $\beta$  is 1 Bq/L in the survey which is conducted once every ten days.

The reference table shows the values of operational targets before discharge. Since the values after discharge contain natural radioactive materials in seawater, there will be differences between the values and the operational targets values.

Results of analyses on the seawater sampled near the discharge point (Around South Discharge Channel)

Date of sampling **conducted four times a year	Detected nuclides	Sampling point (South discharge channel)
	Cs-134	ND (0.68)
Contambor Eth 2000	Cs-137	ND (0.54)
September 5 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Gross β	9.6
	H-3	ND (0.32)