

# Improving Comprehensive Cancer Control and Care



To improve **comprehensive cancer control**, national ministries of health must consider cancer **priorities** and their **health system capacities** to deliver sustainable programmes.

## Consideration of all areas of the **cancer continuum**



PREVENTION



EARLY DIAGNOSIS



SCREENING



DIAGNOSIS AND STAGING



TREATMENT



PALLIATION



SURVIVORSHIP



SURVEILLANCE

## Requires an **enabling environment**

### Legal and Policy Framework



Health policy and legal framework

e.g. the International Health Regulations and national law



Regulatory framework

e.g. nuclear safety and radiation protection

### Key Components of the Health System



Facilities



Human resources



Supplies



Equipment



Money



Information

## With committed **Partners and Supporters**



International organizations

IAEA  
WHO, IARC, UNDP, UNAIDS  
UNICEF, UNFPA, UN Women



Private sector

e.g. equipment manufacturers and pharmaceutical companies



Funding institutions

e.g. development banks might provide access to loans or grants



Non-governmental organizations

e.g. UICC and C/Can



**IAEA's Rays of Hope** will support countries in:

### Establishing first **radiotherapy centres in LMICs\***

\*Low and middle income countries

Training the workforce

Procuring equipment

Supporting regional anchor centres

Fostering innovation (research and education)