

Past Climate Conditions

IAEA Scientific Forum

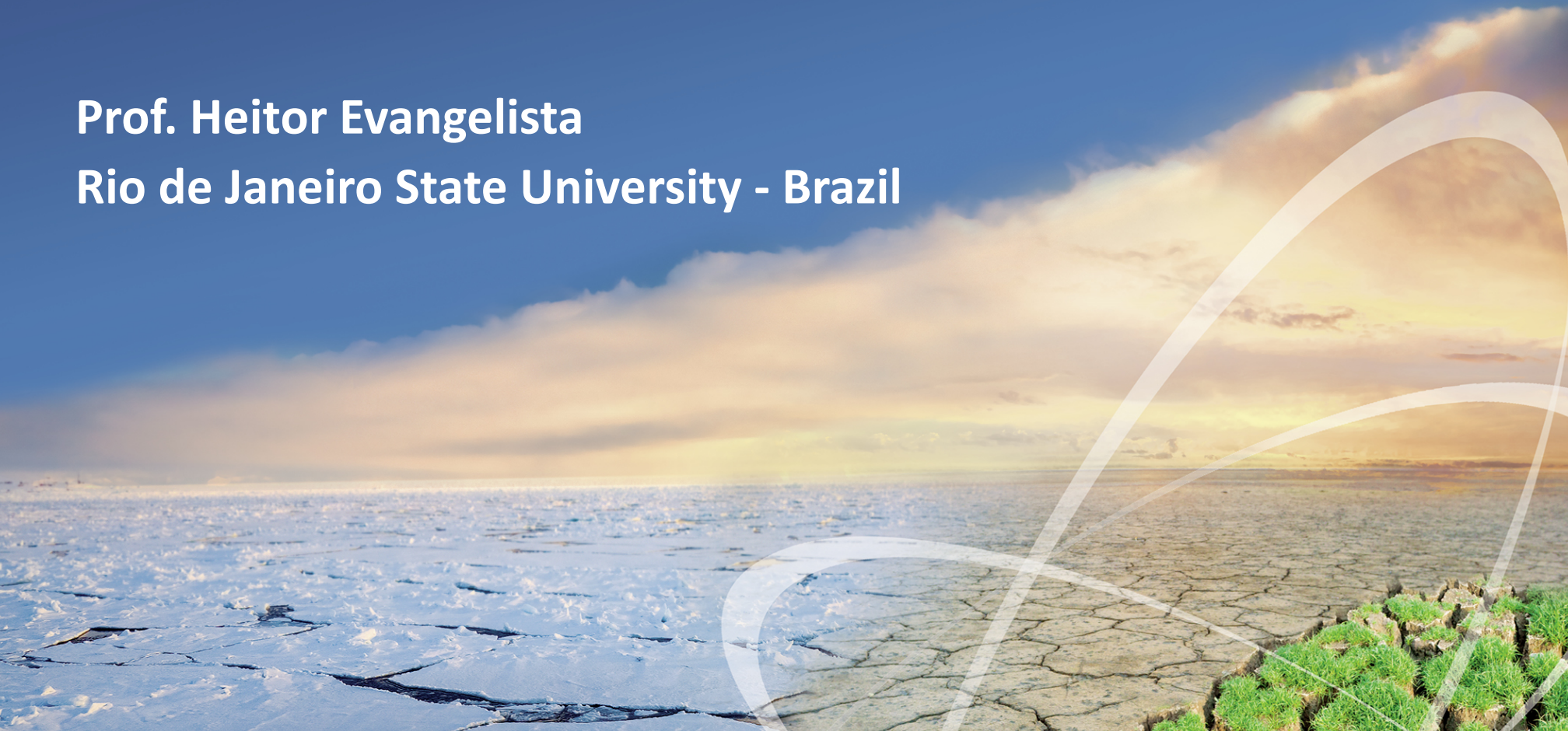
Nuclear Technology for Climate

Mitigation, Monitoring, Adaptation

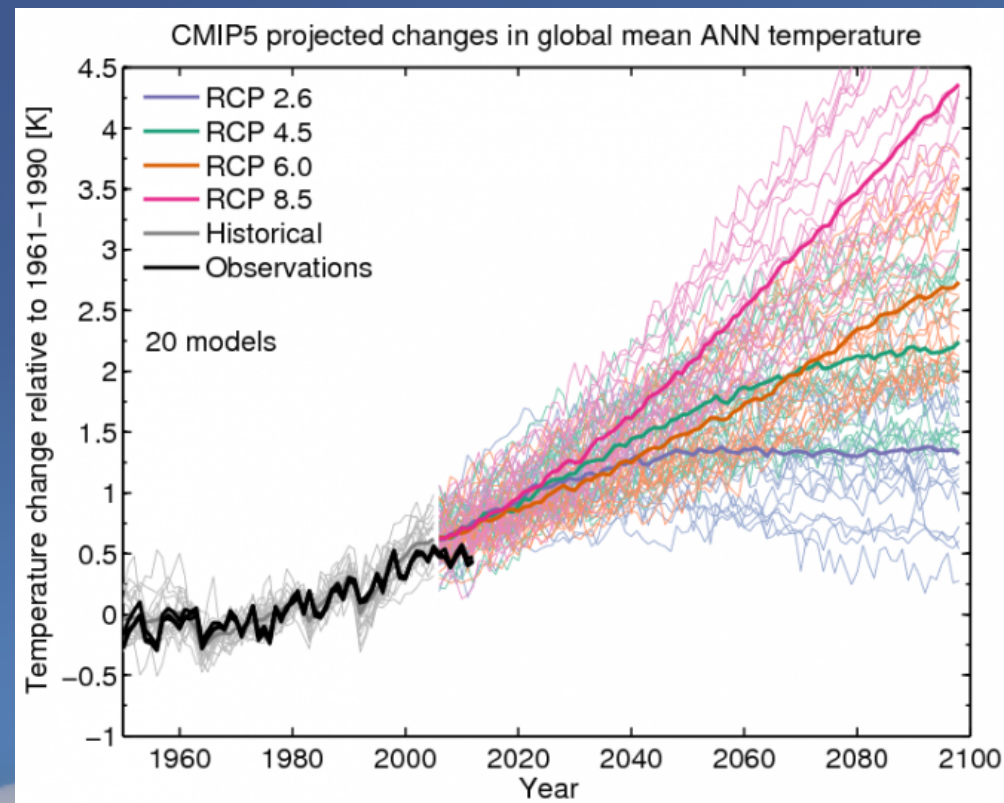
18–19 September 2018

Prof. Heitor Evangelista

Rio de Janeiro State University - Brazil

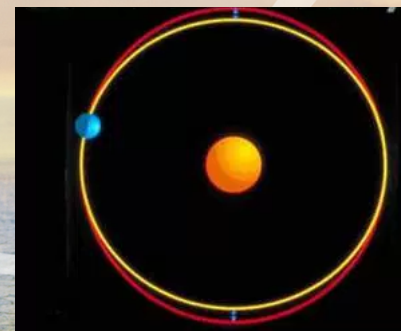
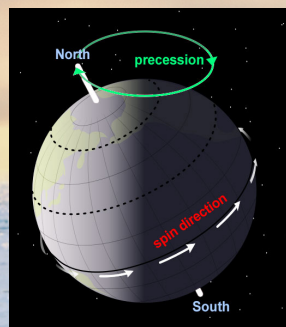
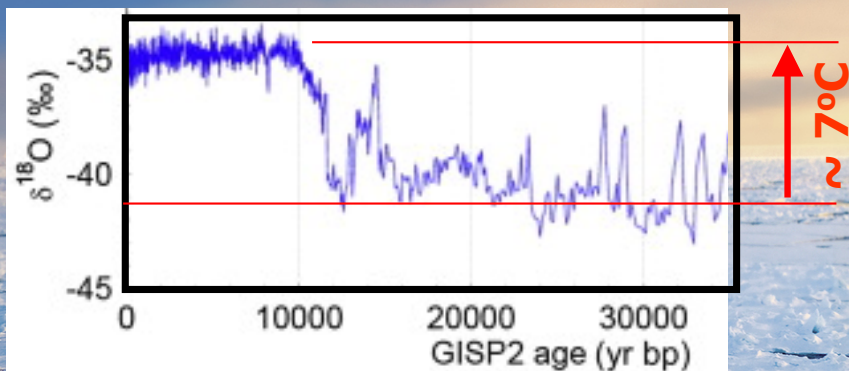


IPCC scenarios for the future ...



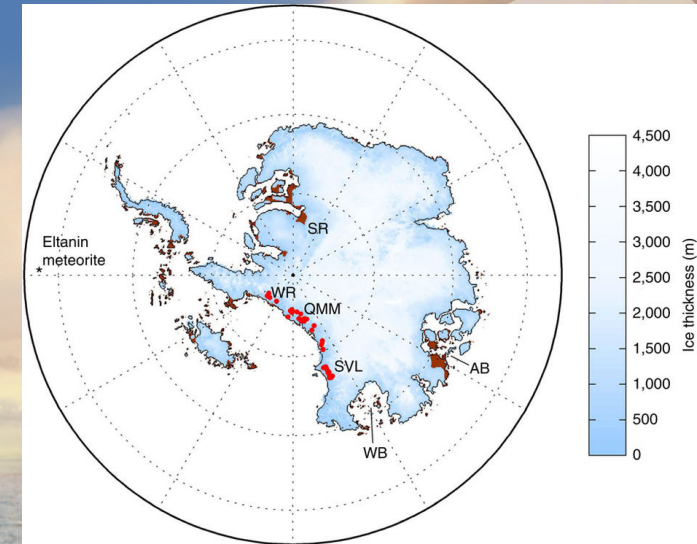
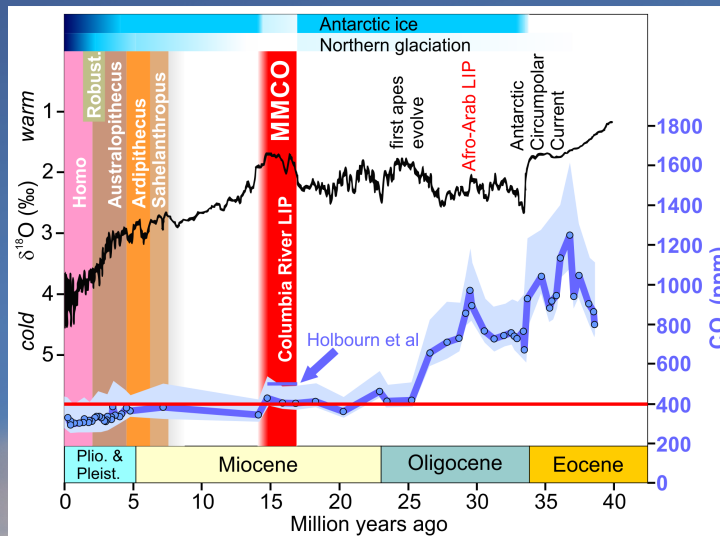
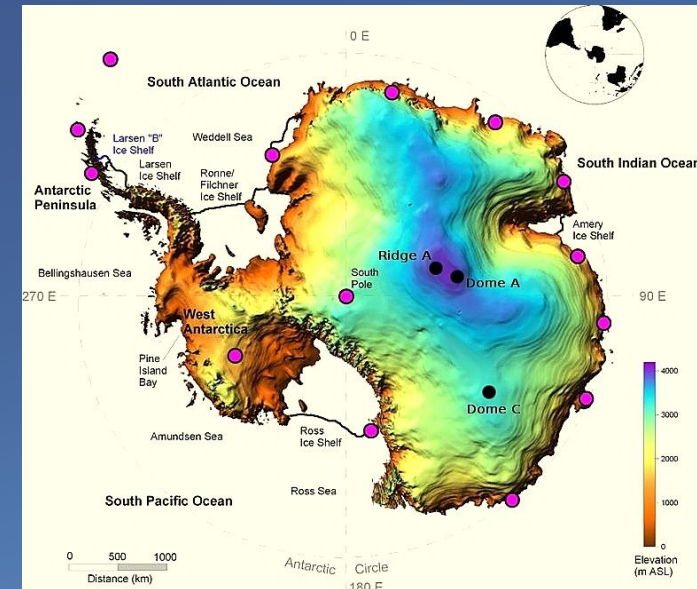
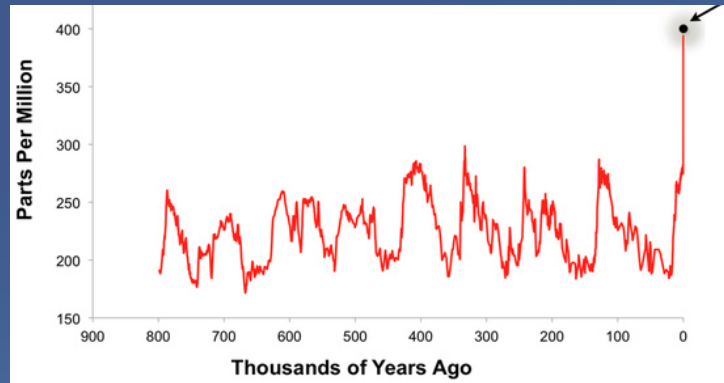
interglacial

glacial



How do we recognize the Earth with 400 ppm of CO₂?

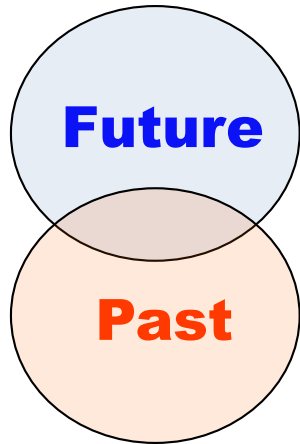
IAEA Scientific Forum



Pliocene epoch (5.3 Ma to 2.6 Ma)

1. 2-3°C warmer than today

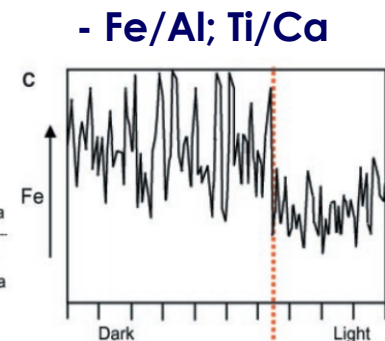
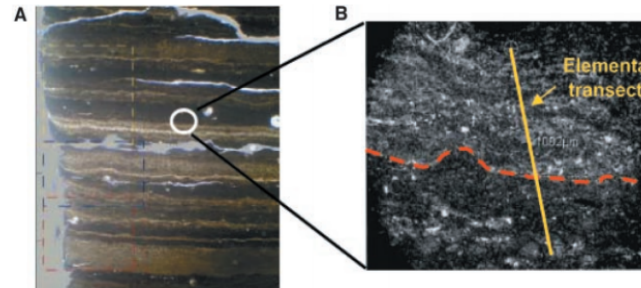
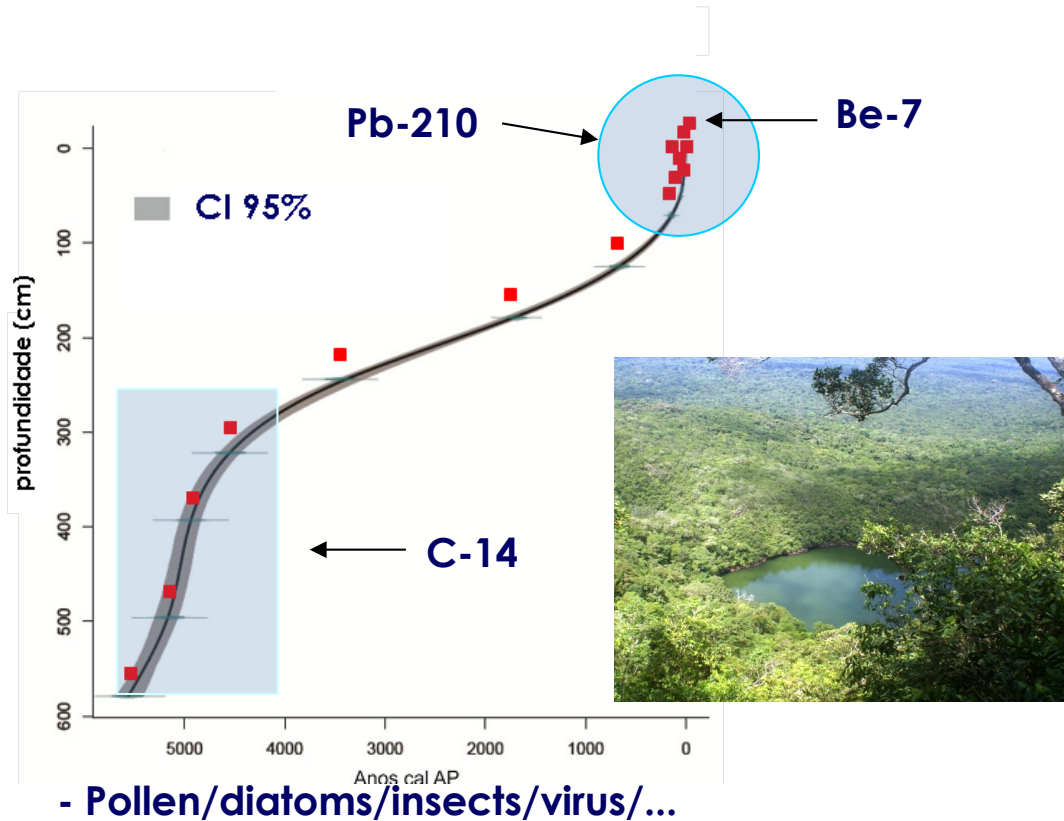
2. sea level 9-25m higher than today



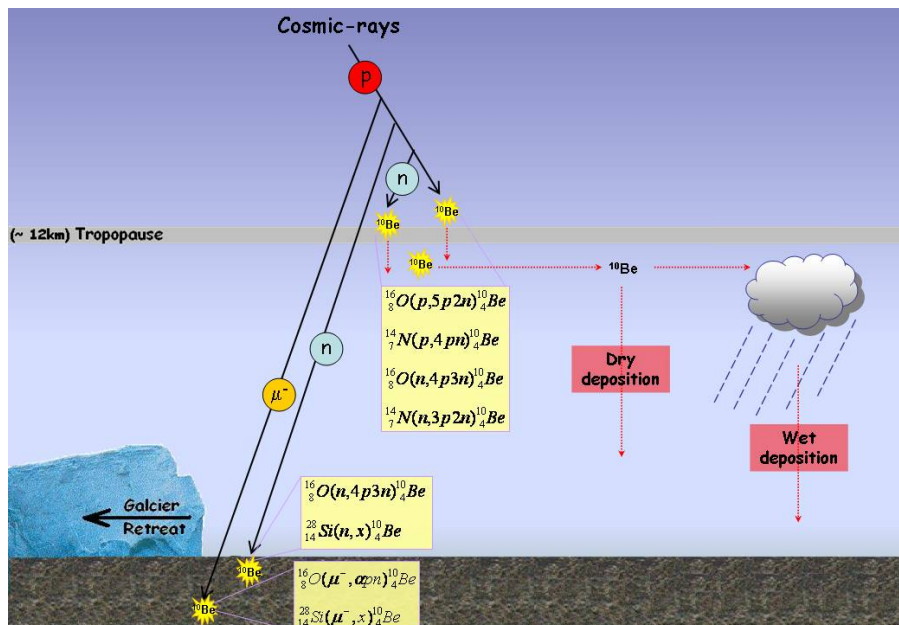
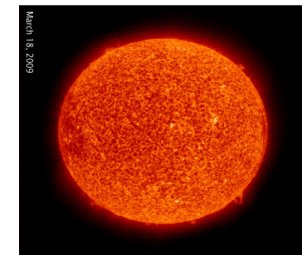
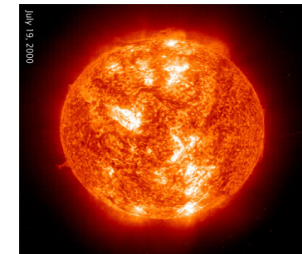
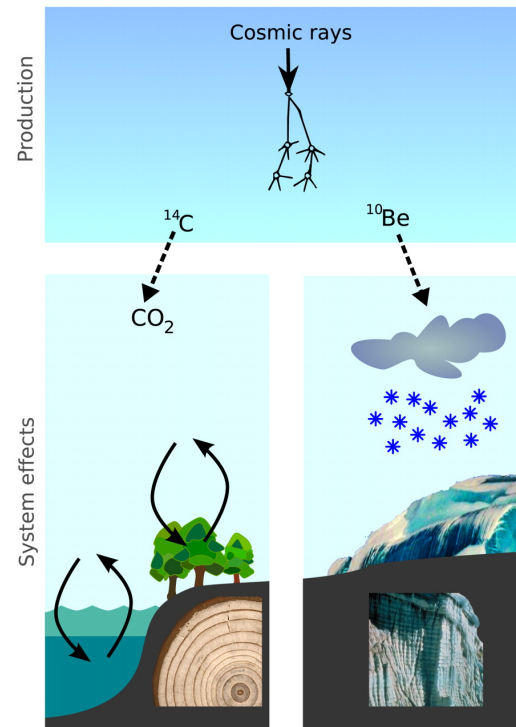
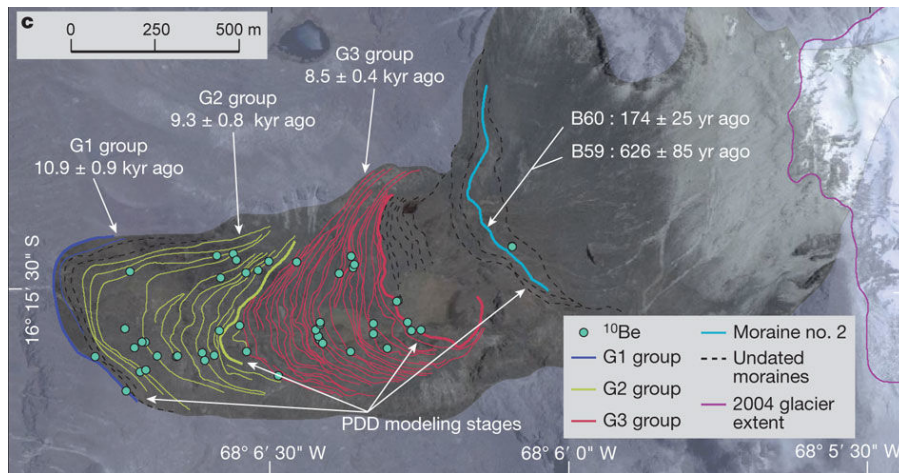
KEY-PARAMETER: The Nuclear Dating
Recovering the environmental history



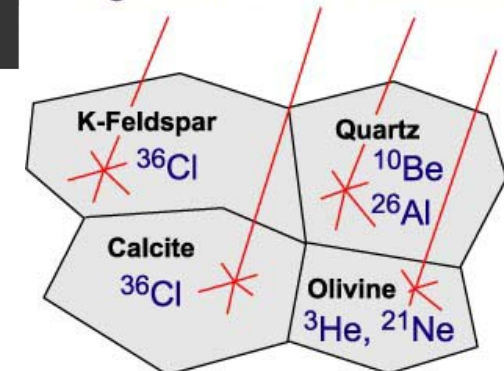
Nuclear Techniques associated with Biogeochemistry



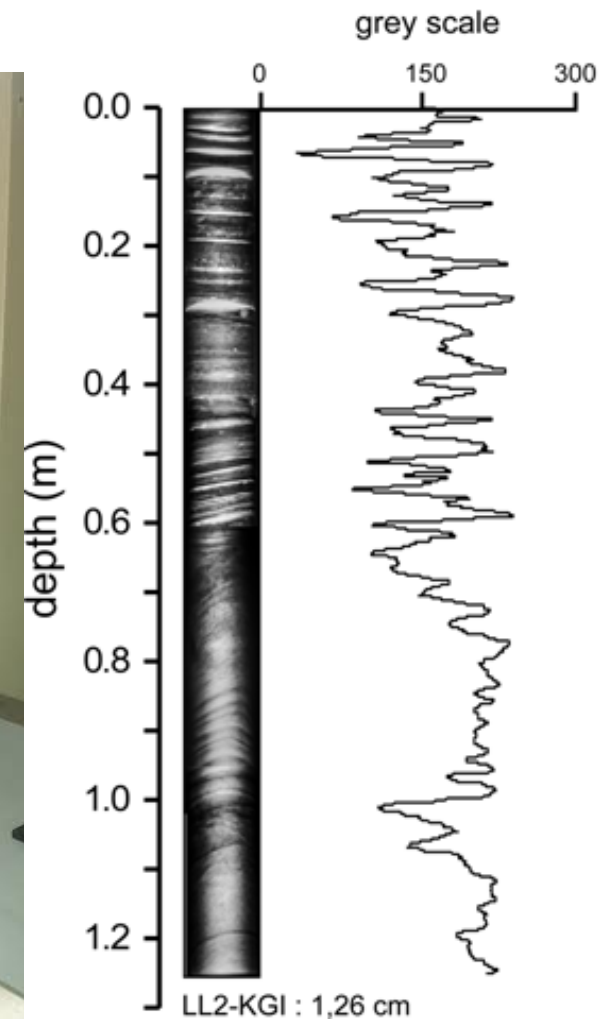
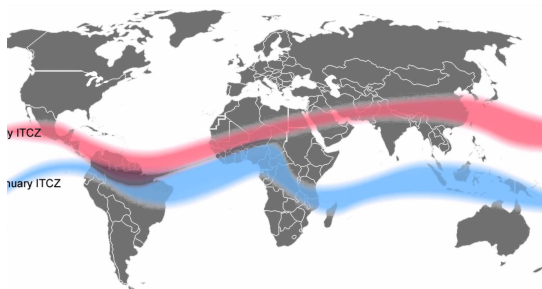
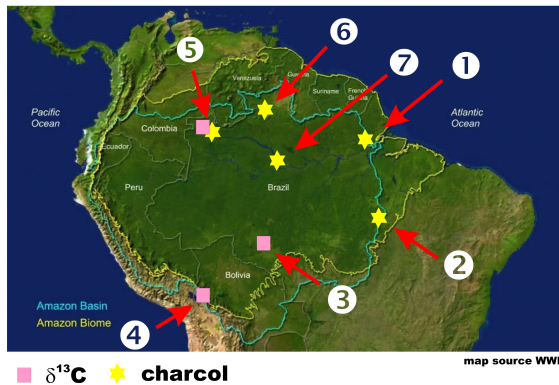
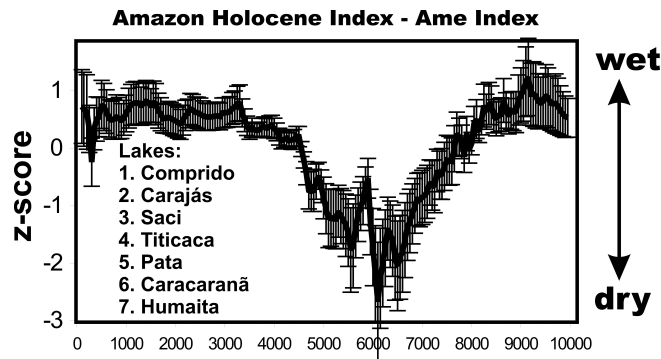
Glacier Retreats inferred from Cosmogenic Nuclides



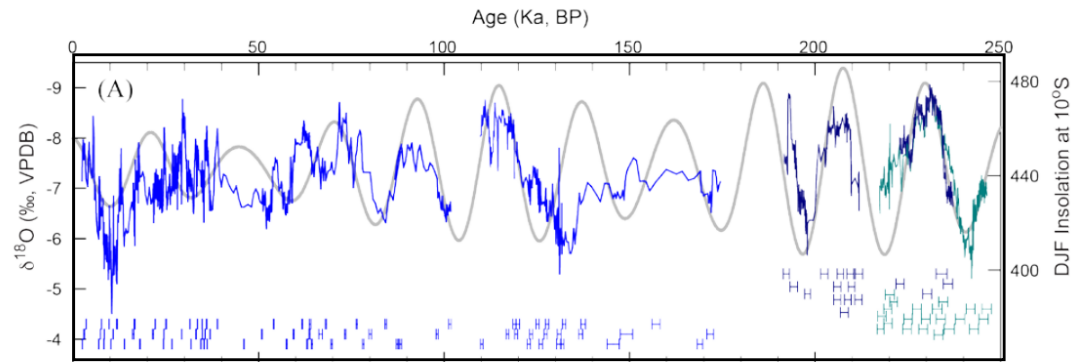
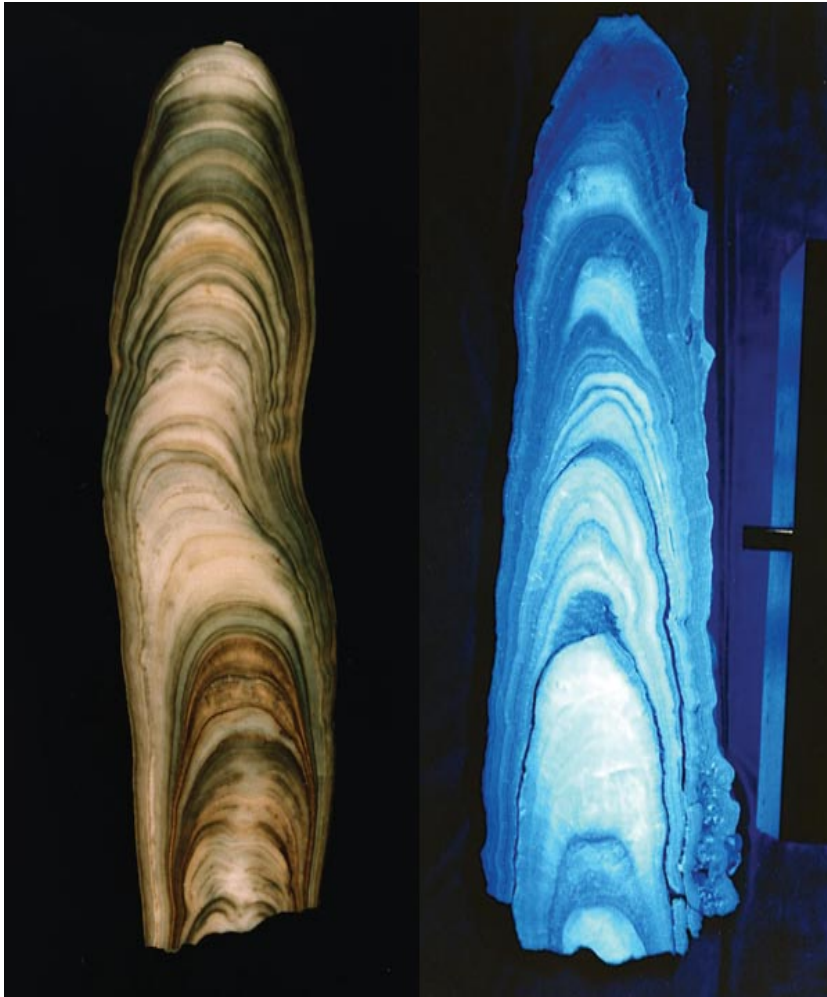
Target Minerals and Nuclides



Dated Lake sediments provides Holocene history



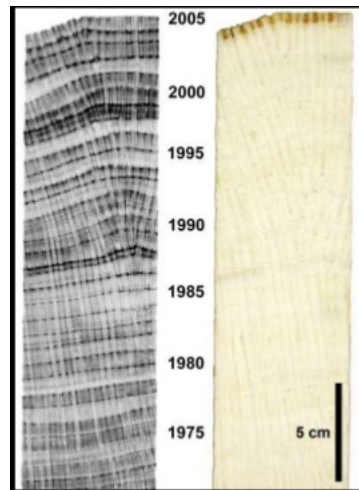
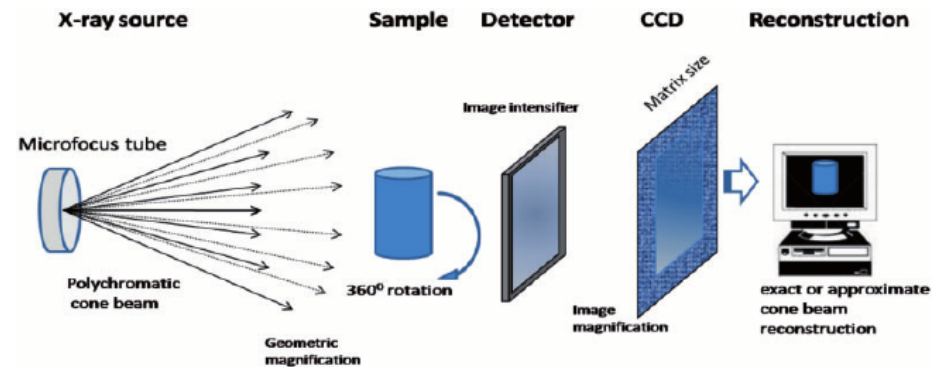
Dating of Sepeleothemes with Th-U method provides accurate tropical hydrological history

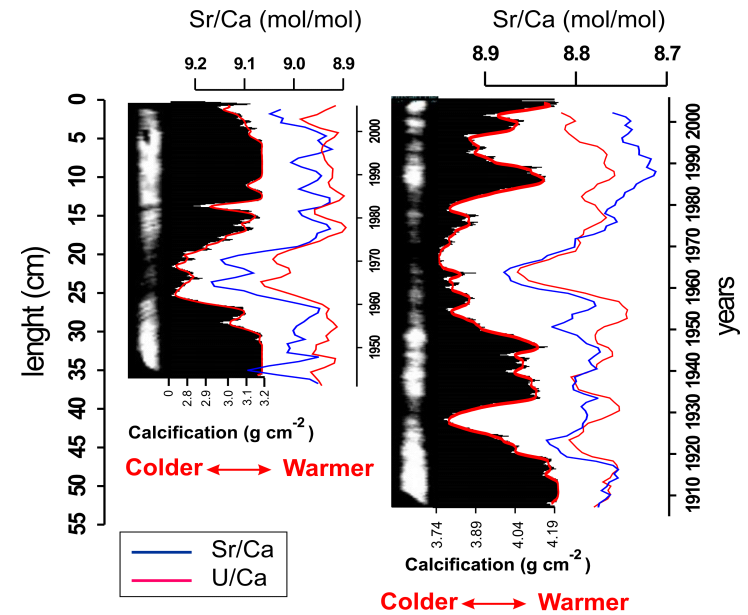
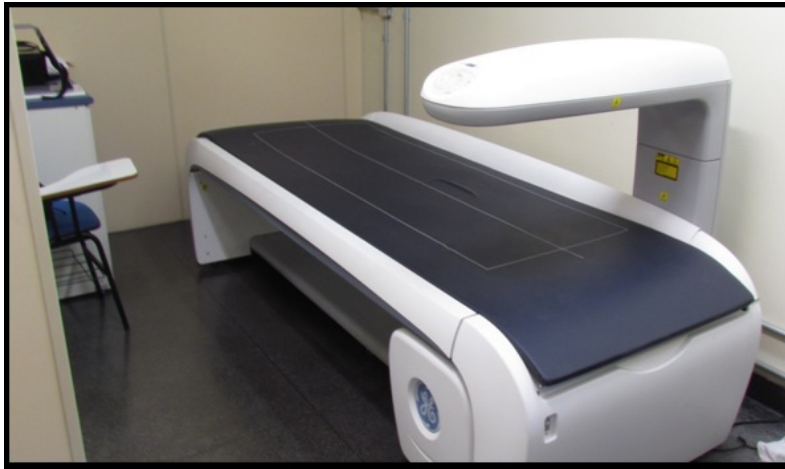


Coral-reef dated with Th-U method provides oceanography history and sea level evolution



Coral:
X-ray
Radionuclide dating
Microtomography
Densitometry





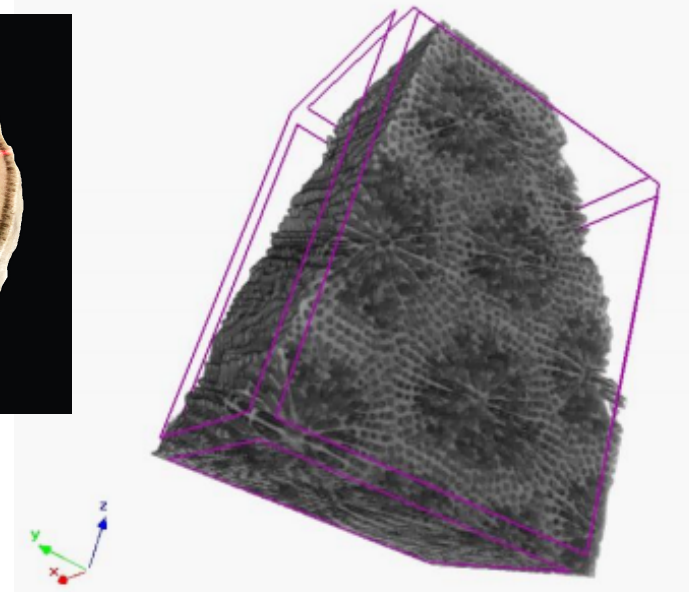
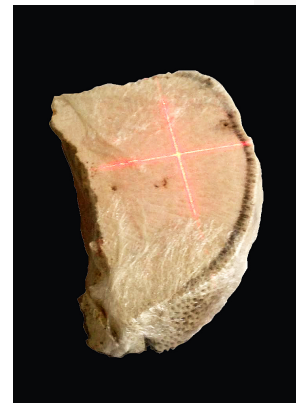
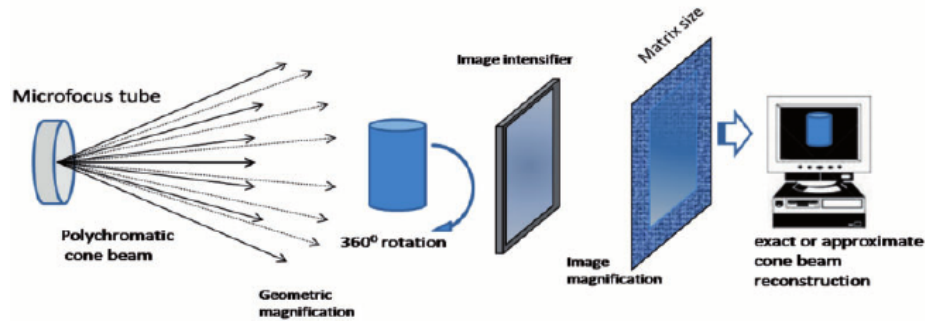
X-ray source

Sample

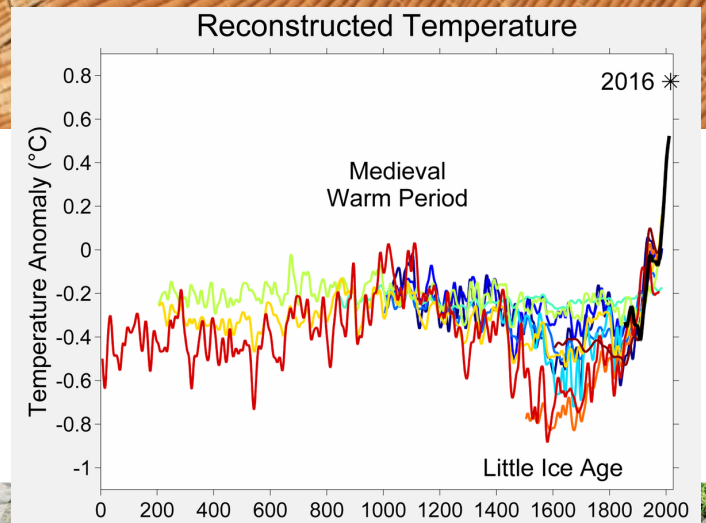
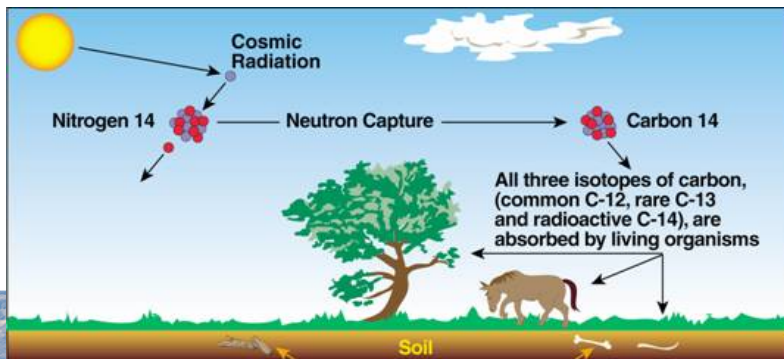
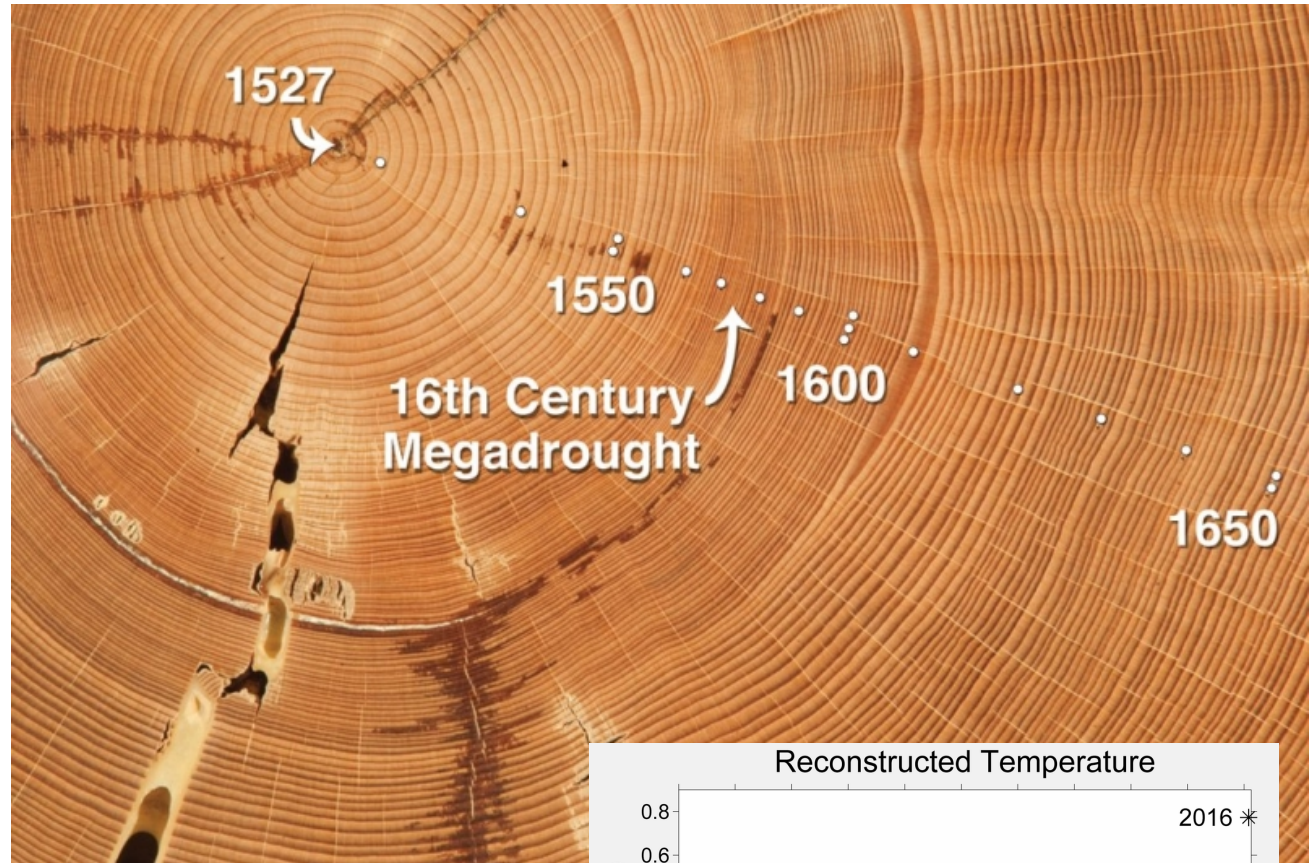
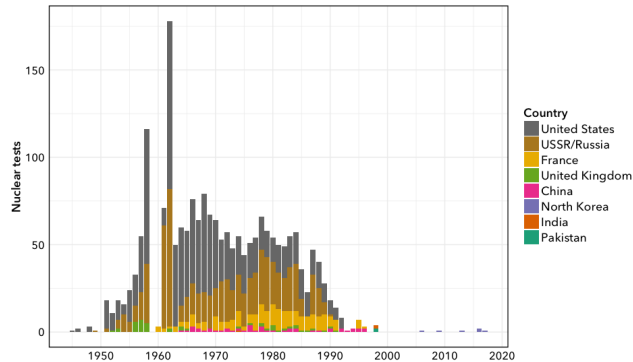
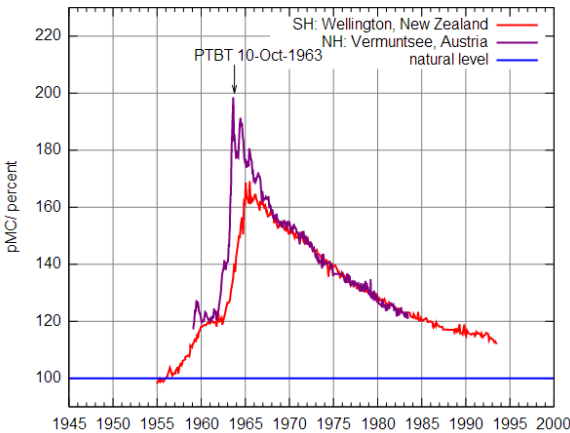
Detector

CCD

Reconstruction



^{14}C in tree rings and temperature reconstruction



project: INT/5/153



IAEA

International Atomic Energy Agency



- 1. Multidisciplinary issue**
- 2. Social engagement and participation**



Thanks for your attention !

Contact: evangelista.uerj@gmail.com