



Best Practices on Methodologies & Techniques to Assess the Effectiveness of Physical Protection Measures & Systems

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Physical Security Systems Performance Testing

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Vulnerability Assessment Overview

- Analytical basis for a performance-based protection strategy
- Evaluates security system designs to determine the protection system effectiveness of specified targets against defined threats
- System effectiveness is dependent on the probability of detection, probability of interruption, and the probability of neutralization
- Methodology contingent on an in-depth understanding of facility characterization and its protection systems

Facility and Protection Systems

- Analyst must have in-depth understanding of the state of security systems
- Performance expectations and assumptions are initially derived from standards or default values
- True operational performance is heavily dependent on reliable performance testing data of security systems
 - Access controls
 - Intrusion detection systems
 - Assessment systems
 - Delay systems
- Validate or invalidate assumptions derived from standards or default values
- Effective program provides both the reliability and assurance of the security system.

Ensuring Credible Data

- Collaboration between VA and PTG
- Determine testing criteria and frequency
 - Protection Element Importance
- Understand standards/capabilities of security systems
- Clearly communicate expectations/assumptions
- Ensure testing parameters are communicated
 - Begin/End criteria
 - Objectives

Test Plan Development

- Purpose and Objectives
 - Collaboratively derived criteria developed between the VA Group and the PTG.
- Evaluation Criteria
 - Expected performance outcome of the system being tested
- Testing Methodologies
 - Various methods of testing systems
- Parameters
 - Criterion imposed to maintain the integrity of the test and minimize safety and security risks
 - Support Personnel-Trusted Agents
 - Equipment
 - Compensatory Measures
 - Safety Assessments
- Data Collection
 - Results should be collected and documented in a standardized report to incorporate back to VA

Testing Methodologies

- Operability
 - Verifies system working as designed
- Effectiveness
 - Utilizes defeat methods to determine system effectiveness
- Adversarial
 - Uses adversary objectives and criteria in an attempt to defeat the system
- Black-Hat
 - Test designed to stress the system beyond established limitations

Example



Results

- Data collection in shared database
 - Calculations include confidence levels
- Determine Figures of Merit for computer simulations and modeling
 - Probability of Sensing
 - Probability of Assessment
 - Probability of Detection
 - Delay times
- Updated data becomes the new performance expectation

Use of Modeling tools

- Credibility of the models and simulations is heavily dependent on FOM accuracy
 - Pathway Analysis
 - Neutralization Tools
- Validation full-scale performance tests to ensure effectiveness of protection strategy





Quality Assurance



Discussion