# INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR SERVICES



## Cyber Security in Marine Nuclear Transport Systems



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INS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the NDA with over 40 years experience of irradiated fuel management and nuclear material transportation.

#### Our vision:

Delivering specialist nuclear services with pride

#### Our mission:

- Supporting the NDA mission
- **Delivering Growth**

#### 2,000+ casks of nuclear materials moved 5,000,000+ sea miles travelled

20 high level waste returns

12 MOX shipments

**4** SPECIALIST

NUCLEAR VESSELS

**NEW DISPOSAL ROUTE** 

**NEW WORK STREAMS** 

SIGNIFICANT PACKAGING DESIGN

PLUTONIUM TITLE TRANSFER AGREEMENTS

**PROVISION OF PACKAGE ENGINEERING** 

INS HAS PROVIDED END-TO-END TRANSPORT SOLUTIONS FOR MATERIALS INCLUDING:

PLUTONIUM

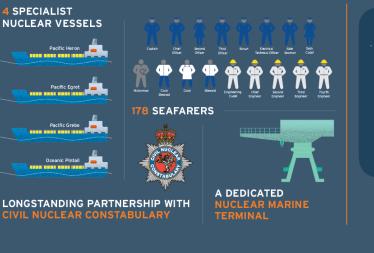
HIGHLY ENRICHED URANIUM

MOX FUEL

VITRIFIED HIGH LEVEL WASTE

SPENT FUEL

**10 CATEGORY 1 HIGH-SECURITY SHIPMENTS SINCE DECEMBER 2015** (IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE CIVIL NUCLEAR CONSTABULARY)





LOCATIONS IN THE UK AND OVERSEAS





#### What are we protecting?



The cargo, vessel and people aboard



Sensitive Information



The environment



Our reputation



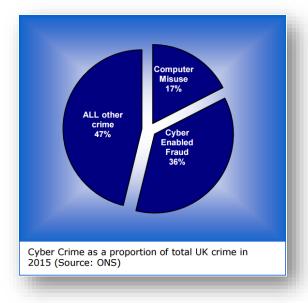
#### Headline Questions

- Is it possible to create an Uncontrolled Radiological Release (URR) by means of a cyber attack on an INS vessel?
- Is it possible to create operational difficulties through a cyber attack on an INS vessel?



## Why do we need Cybersecurity?

- The percentage of Cybercrime in the UK is now more than 50% of overall crime
- 39% of recently surveyed ship operators admitted to being compromised in the last 12 months.
- Barrier to entry into Cybercrime is reducing all the time. Cybercrime as a Service (CaaS)
- Ransomware and Phishing campaigns are becoming more targeted and more successful every year
- Automation = cyber risk





#### How do they do it?

#### Breaching a system is like breaching a castle...





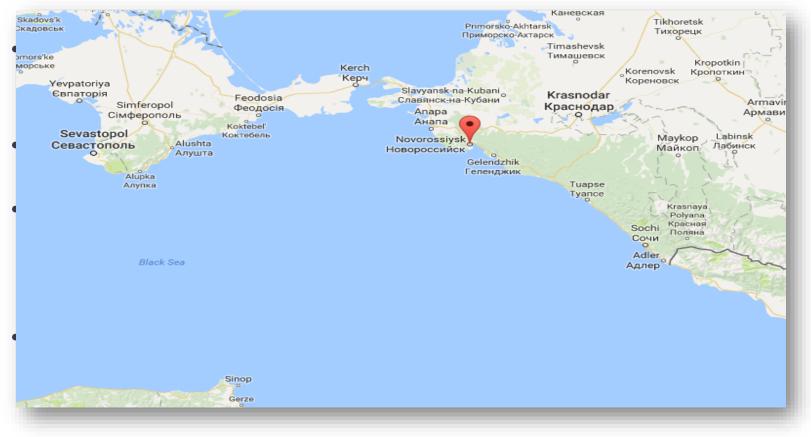
#### The White Rose of Drachs





#### Black Sea GPS incident

• Issues in June 2017 off the coast of Novorossiysk, Russia.





### Compromise of on-board systems...

- In 2016 an 80,000 Tonne tanker was delayed significantly when its Electronic Chart Display was compromised, as it docked in an Asian port.
- Malware was accidentally spread to the system via an employee with an infected USB.
- The employee was unaware of the malware residing on the USB.
- When attempting to update the ships electronic charts with the USB, it was ultimately spread into the system.
- The malware had to be removed and an investigation launched before the ship was allowed to set sail.



#### Ransomware

- According persky labs in Q3 2016 a business was hit with a ransom wate strate of Rahdom ware attacked seepedsecurity measures most organisations have in place. 2016 a business attacked an individual attacked an individual attacked attacked an individual attacked an individ



### Indirect attacks - Cargo System

- Australia's customs and border protection cargo system was compromised by hackers in 2012.
- The attack allowed drug traffickers to see which of their containers had been marked as suspicious.
- This crucial information allowed them to change their trafficking operation, to utilise different routes and methods to successfully get drugs into the target countries.
- Allowed criminals to evade law enforcement.
- Cargo systems have been targeted by pirates and drug traffickers previously. Highlighting the need to secure these systems.



#### Indirect Attacks – INS Context





#### Tangential attacks – Your context

- Do you know all the computer systems and networks which belong to you? (and those that don't that you rely on!)
- Do you know how connected they are to each other?
- Do you whether any are connected to the internet?
- Do you know who or what connects to them and why?
- Do you know the consequences of a cyber attack on any of your systems?
- Do you care?



## The dangers of removable media...

• USB's are the digital mosquito.



• If you don't know the provenance of a USB, do not trust the USB



#### How should we respond?

- Leadership and competence
- Discovery
- Risk Appetite and Risk Management
- Culture



### <u>Conclusions</u>

- The cyber threat is pervasive, innovative and growing
- If a system is connected, automated and has human interaction, the cyber vulnerabilities are high
- You must act if you wish to maintain the Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability of your systems and data
- A risk-based and business-focussed approach is probably most appropriate
- Good security culture is vital and central to
- nitigating cyber risks