

Session II: The Policy Framework

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Outline of Presentation



- IAEA and the United Nations
- Policy Reference for TC
- Key Principles for the TC Programme

IAEA and the United Nations



- IAEA founded in 1957
- As the world's "Atoms for Peace" organization
- IAEA's relationship with the UN is regulated by a special agreement, INFCIRC/11 (1959)



IAEA and the United Nations



IAEA:

- Submits reports covering its activities to the General Assembly at each regular session
- Submits reports to the Security Council and notify the Council whenever, in connection with the activities of the Agency, questions within the competence of the Council arise
- Submits reports to the Economic and Social Council and to other organs of the United Nations on matters within their respective competences

Policy Reference



The Statute

Guiding Principles and Rules (INFCIRC/267)

Revised Supplementary Agreement

IAEA Medium Term Strategy

Decisions of Governing Bodies

The Statute



Article II: Objectives

The Agency shall seek to accelerate and enlarge the contribution of atomic energy for peace, health and prosperity throughout the world. It shall ensure, so far as it is able, that assistance provided by it or at its request or under its supervision or control is not used in such a way as to further any military purpose.

The Statute



Article III: Functions

To encourage and assist research on, and development and practical application of, atomic energy for peaceful uses throughout the world; and, if requested to do so, to act as an intermediary for the purposes of securing the performance of services or the supplying of materials, equipment, or facilities by one member of the Agency for another; and to perform any operation or service useful in research on, or development or practical application of, atomic energy for peaceful purposes.

Guiding Principles and Rules



The Guiding Principles and General Operating Rules to Govern the Provision of Technical Assistance by the International Atomic Energy Agency March 1979

- I. Guiding Principles
 - Eligibility: All Member States, but primarily Developing Countries
 - Sources of technical assistance
 - Agreement with MS (SBAA, RSA)
 - Human Resources, Equipment, others
- II. General Operating Rules

Guiding Principles and Rules



The primary objective of technical assistance is to accelerate and enlarge the contribution of atomic energy to peace, health and prosperity in Member States by facilitating:

- their free access to the peaceful uses of atomic energy
- the transfer of nuclear technology
- the development of research
- the application and utilization of atomic energy for peaceful purposes in Member States
- the promotion of cooperation between them for that purpose

Revised Supplementary Agreement



Revised Supplementary Agreement Concerning the Provision of Technical Assistance by the International Atomic Energy Agency to the Government of [Member State]

- The RSA describes the responsibility of the MS Government and the Agency.
- Standard Basic Assistance Agreement: The Government & the Agency apply the provisions of UNDP Standard Basic Assistance Agreement

Revised Supplementary Agreement



Key Articles

- Safety Standards to be applied
- TC for Peaceful Use only + Safeguards apply
- Physical Protection of facilities and equipment
- Title to Equipment andMaterials
- Settlement of Disputes

Medium Term Strategy 2012-2017 60 Years

Six strategic objectives

- Facilitating access to nuclear power
- Strengthening promotion of nuclear science, technology and applications
- Improving nuclear safety and security
- Providing effective technical cooperation
- Strengthening the effectiveness and improving the efficiency of the Agency's safeguards and other verification activities
- Providing effective, innovative management and strategic planning

Decisions of Governing Bodies



- Board of Governors Decisions
- General Conference Decisions & Resolutions
 - Strengthening of the Agency's technical cooperation activities



Key principles for the TC programme

- Contributes to development goals (SDGs)
- Responding to Member States' needs (Demand Driven)
- Peaceful uses only
- Safety and security
- Member State ownership and shared responsibility
- Non-discrimination
- Cooperation among Member States and with partners
- Transparency



Technical cooperation:
delivering results for
peace and
development

