



**Annual Forum of the IDN**

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# **Current Status of the VIND Program Realization**

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# Content

- **Background information**
  - Institute
  - Facilities
- **Existing safety issues**
  - RA research reactor
  - SNF of the RA reactor
  - Historical RAW and storage facilities
- **VIND Program**
  - Objectives
  - Projects
  - Current status
- **Summary - topics of interest for IDN**



# Vinča Institute in 2008

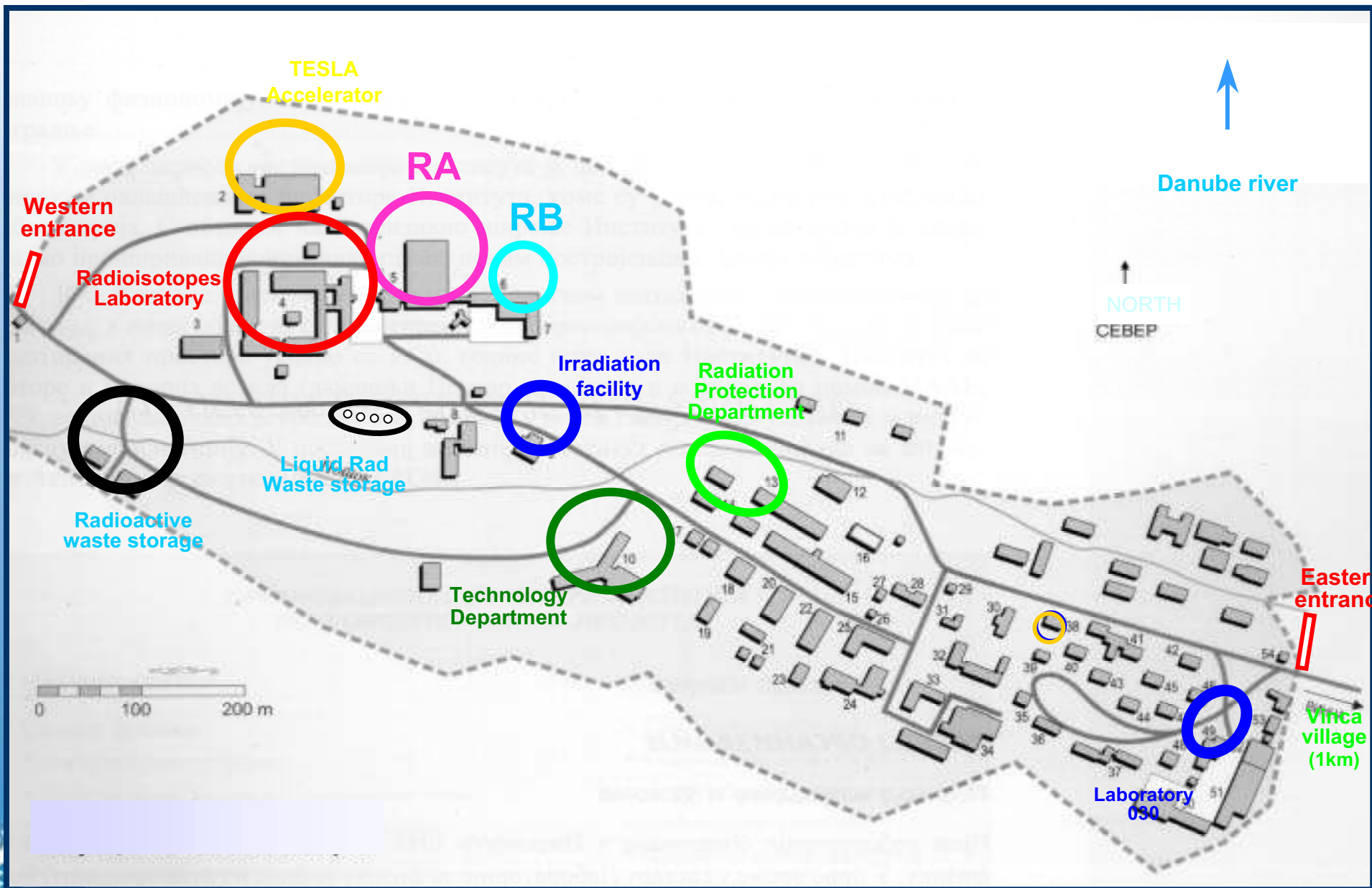
- **Multidisciplinary research**
- **800 employees**
- **450 researches**
- **14 Labs and 5 Centres**
- **Supporting Services**
- **15% in nuclear field**
  - **reactors, WM, HP, monitoring**
  - **small research groups**



Pointer 44°45'21.10" N 20°35'49.11" E elev 392 ft

Streaming ||||| 100%

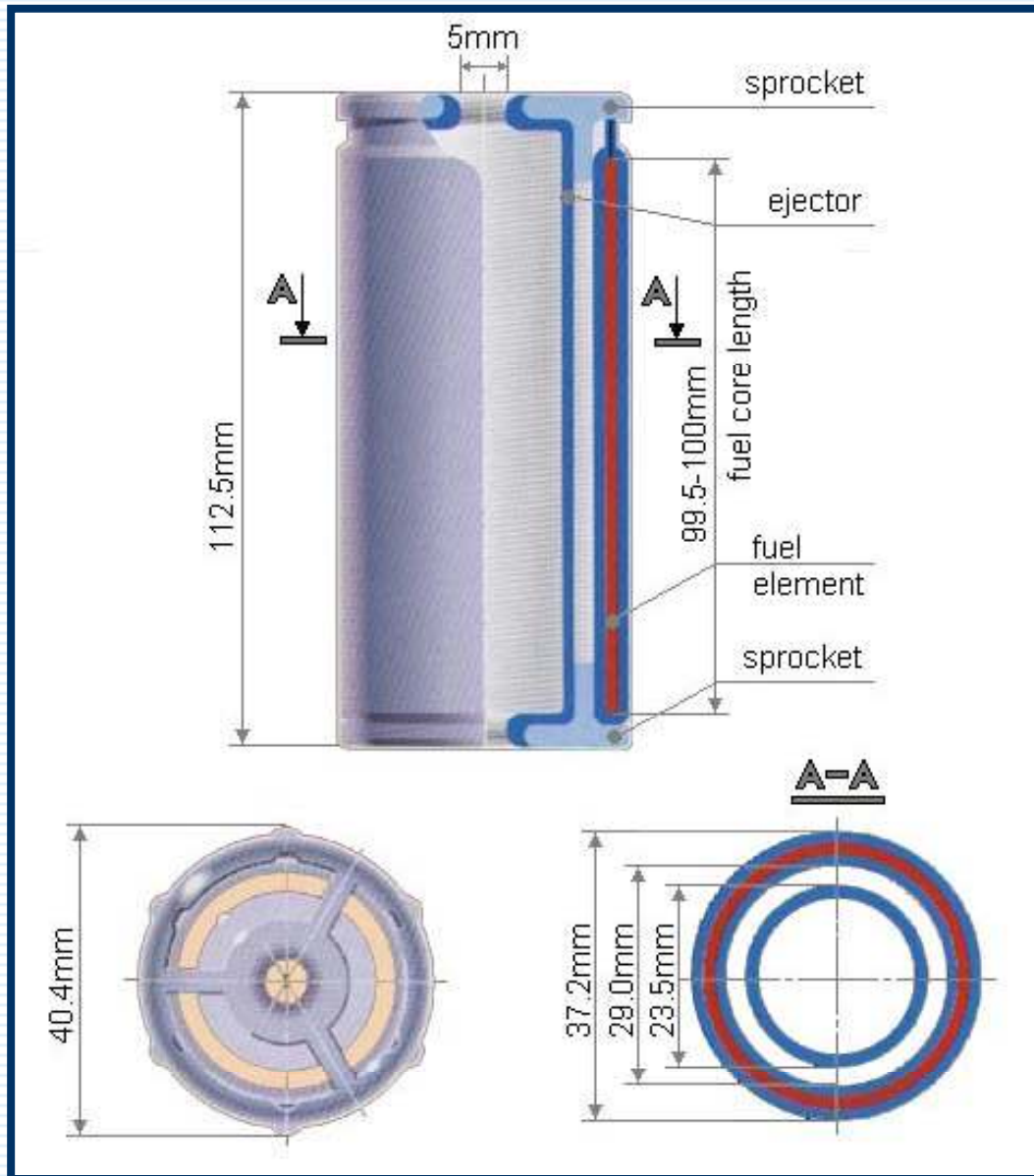
Eye alt 4108 ft



## RA reactor:

- heavy water - moderator and coolant
- tank type, graphite reflector
- 6.5 MW thermal power
- 1959 start of operation
- 1984 temporary shut down
- never restarted
- 2002 final shut down declared
- SNF still on site
- since 2003 preparatory activities
  - for SNF shipment
  - for decommissioning

# SPENT FUEL



**LEU 2%**

**metal U**

**HEU 80%**

**UO<sub>2</sub> in Al**

**8030 spent FE**

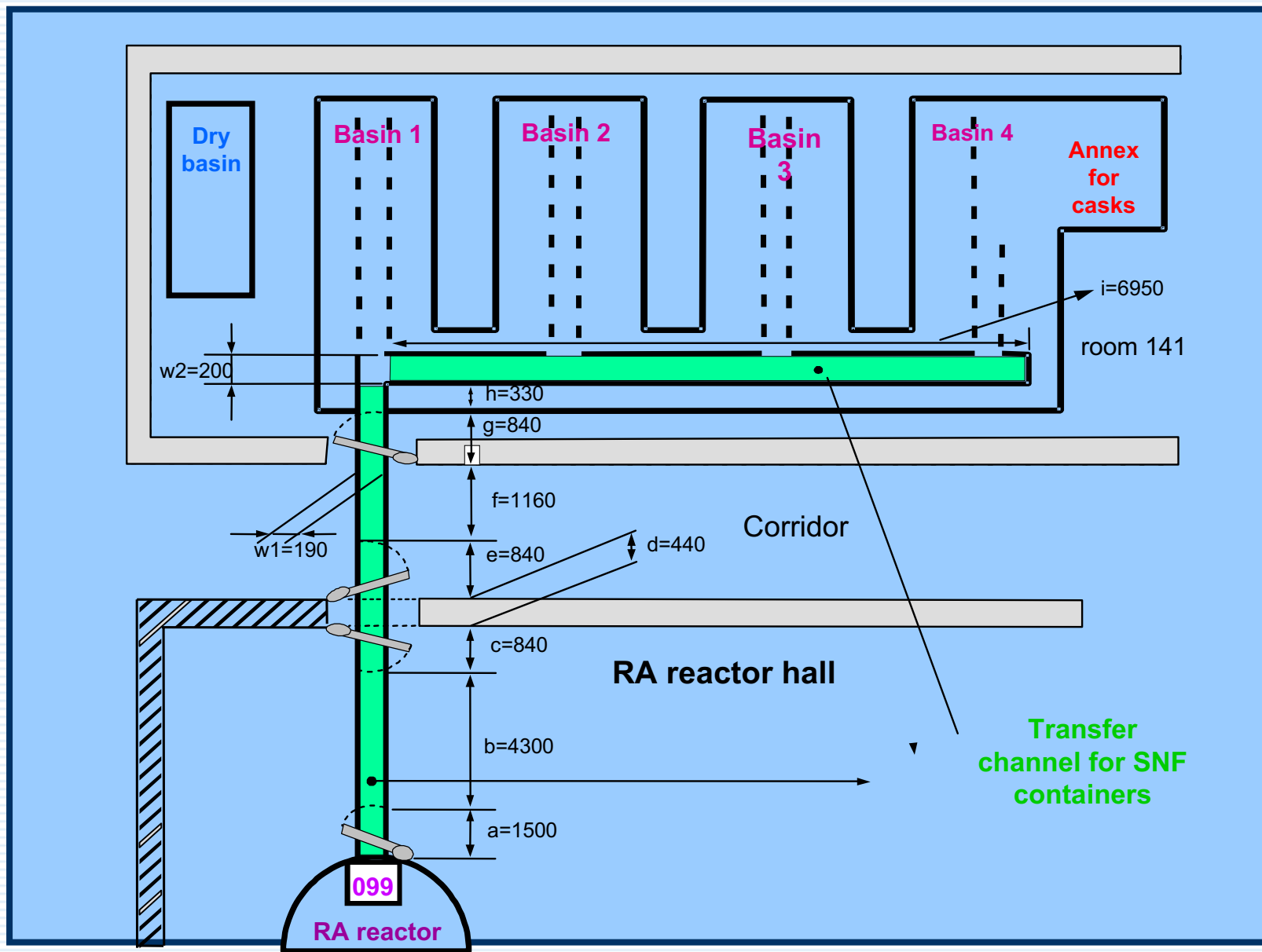
## Storage period 25 - >40 years

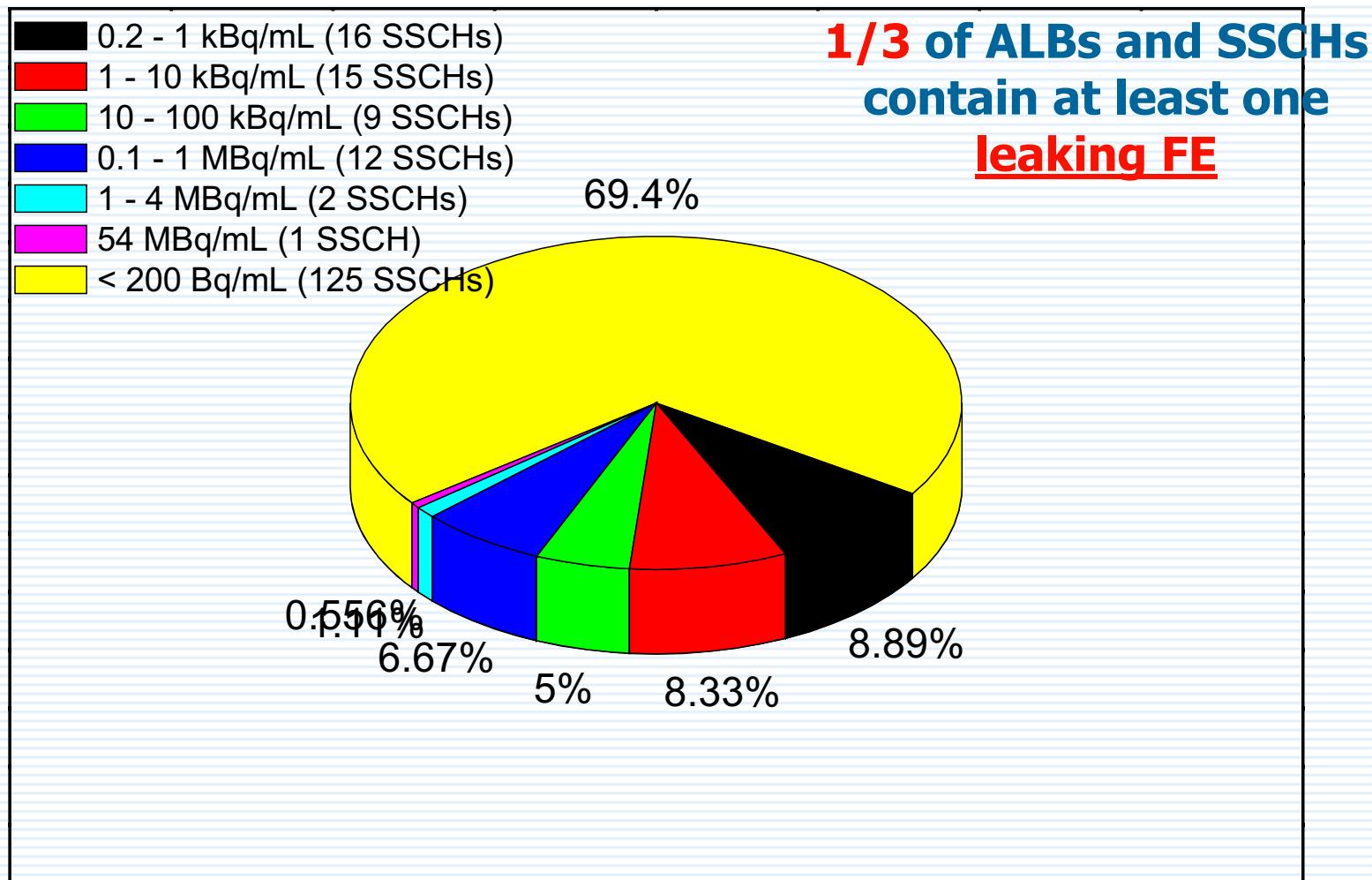
**300 stainless-steel containers**  
**30 aluminium barrels**

**6656 LEU FE**

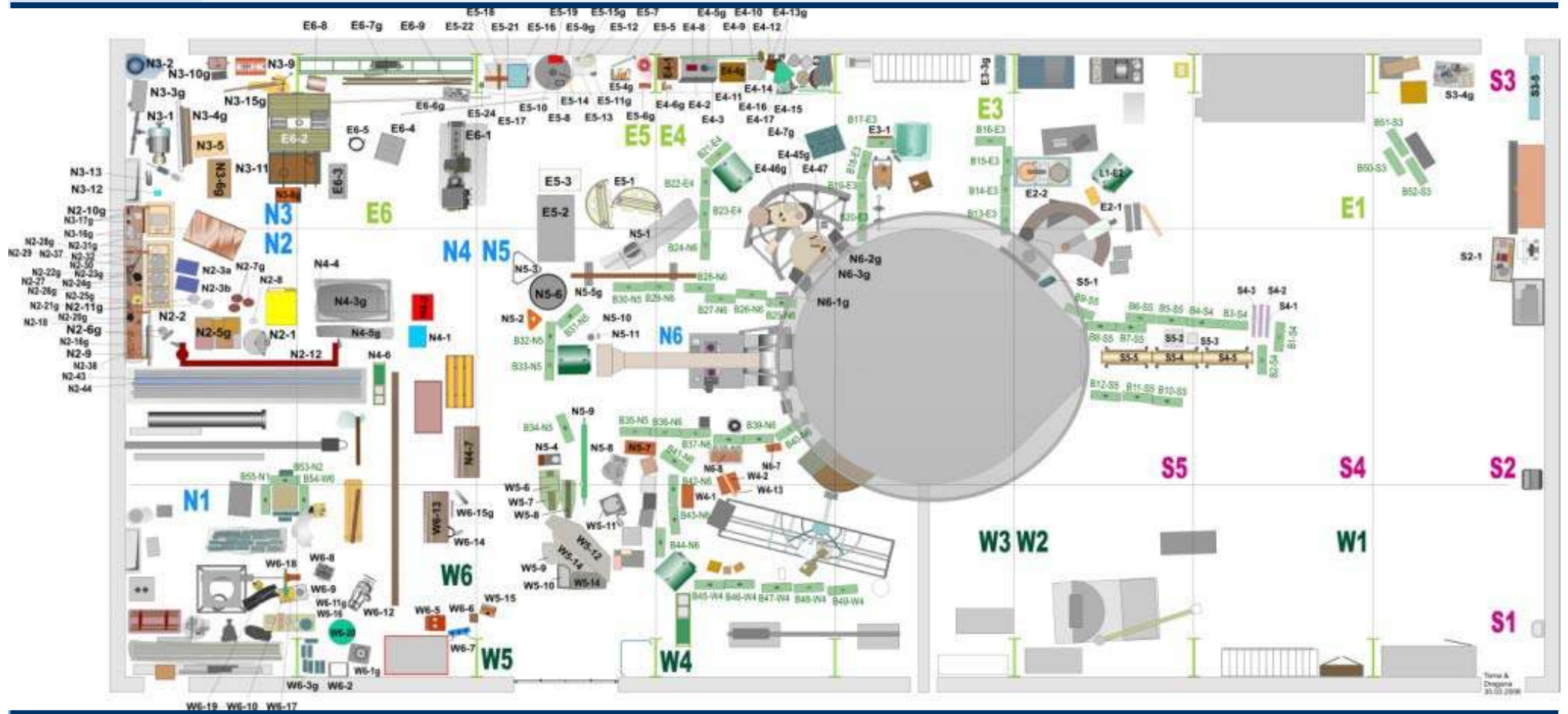
**894 HEU FE**

**Removal of last core charge in progress**

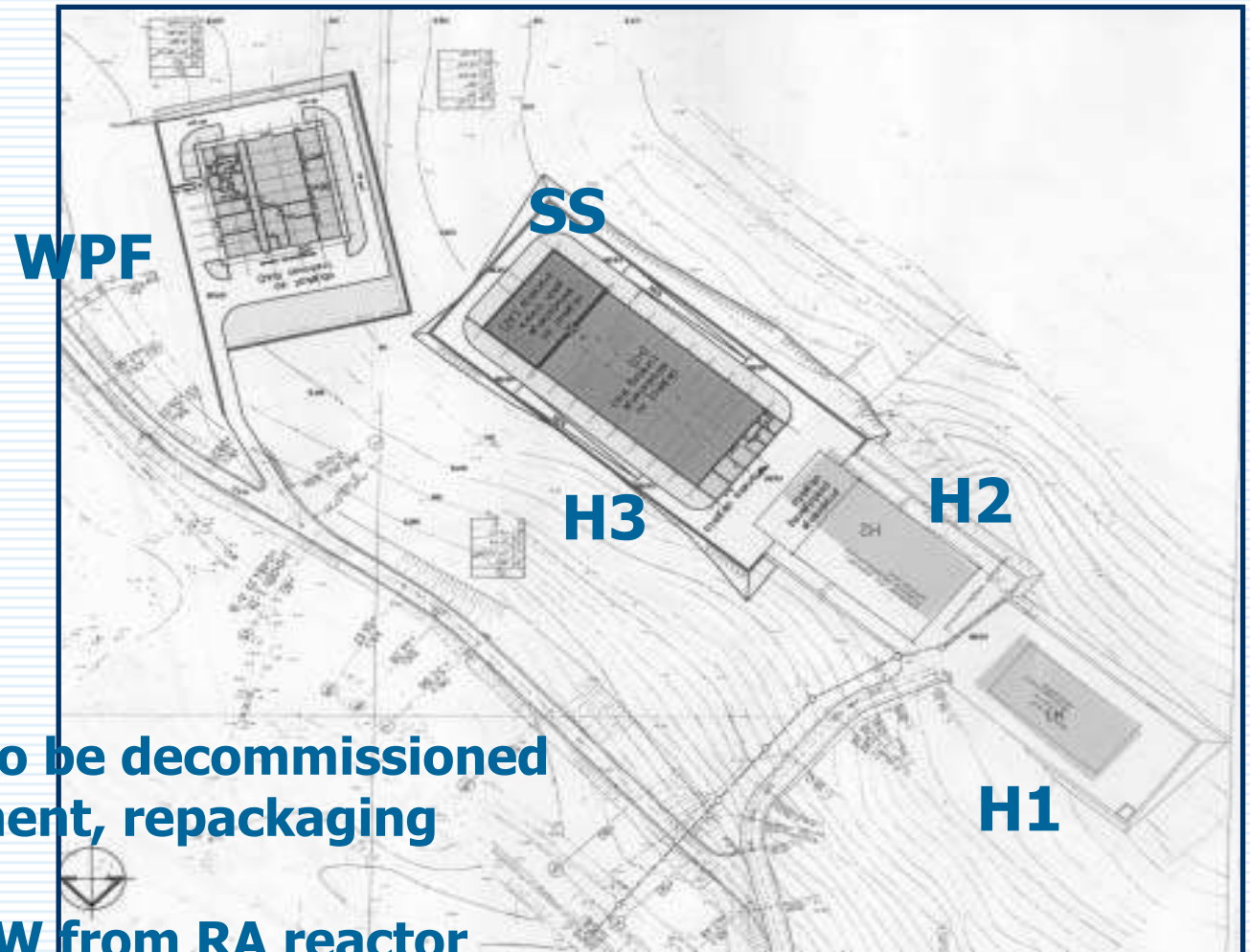




## Activity of $^{137}\text{Cs}$ in water samples from SSCHs



# Historical solid waste in **two hangars**, liquids in **four underground tanks**



**No disposal**

**Existing:**

**H1 full, closed, to be decommissioned**

**H2 - rearrangement, repackaging**

**New:**

**H3 to accept RAW from RA reactor**

**SS to accept high activity sources**

**WPF to treat new and historical RAW**

# VINČA INSTITUTE NUCLEAR DECOMMISSIONING PROGRAM (VIND)

- Removal of highly irradiated, partially leaking SNF
  - complex repackaging operation before shipment
  - number of upgrades of the facility systems
- Removal of radioactive materials and structures, safe reuse of the building
  - waste from operational and transition phase, from SNF related activities
- Construction of new facilities for treatment and storage of LILRAW
  - Historical waste, new waste
  - Decommissioning of old storage facilities

# Activities in progress

- Preparatory activities for SNF repackaging
  - Preparation of safety related documentation
  - Upgrades of the systems
    - ◇ Ventilation, overhead cranes, transport vehicles, trolleys, radiation monitoring in working areas, environmental monitoring, power supply, waste collection and packaging
  - Preparation of working areas
    - ◇ SNF storage pools, reactor hall, shielded room within the reactor block
    - ◇ Removal of materials and wastes
      - ✓ Characterization, clearance, decontamination, conventional waste, radioactive waste
      - ✓ Several complex dismantling operations
    - ◇ New equipment, working platforms, tools
  - General and specific training of personnel

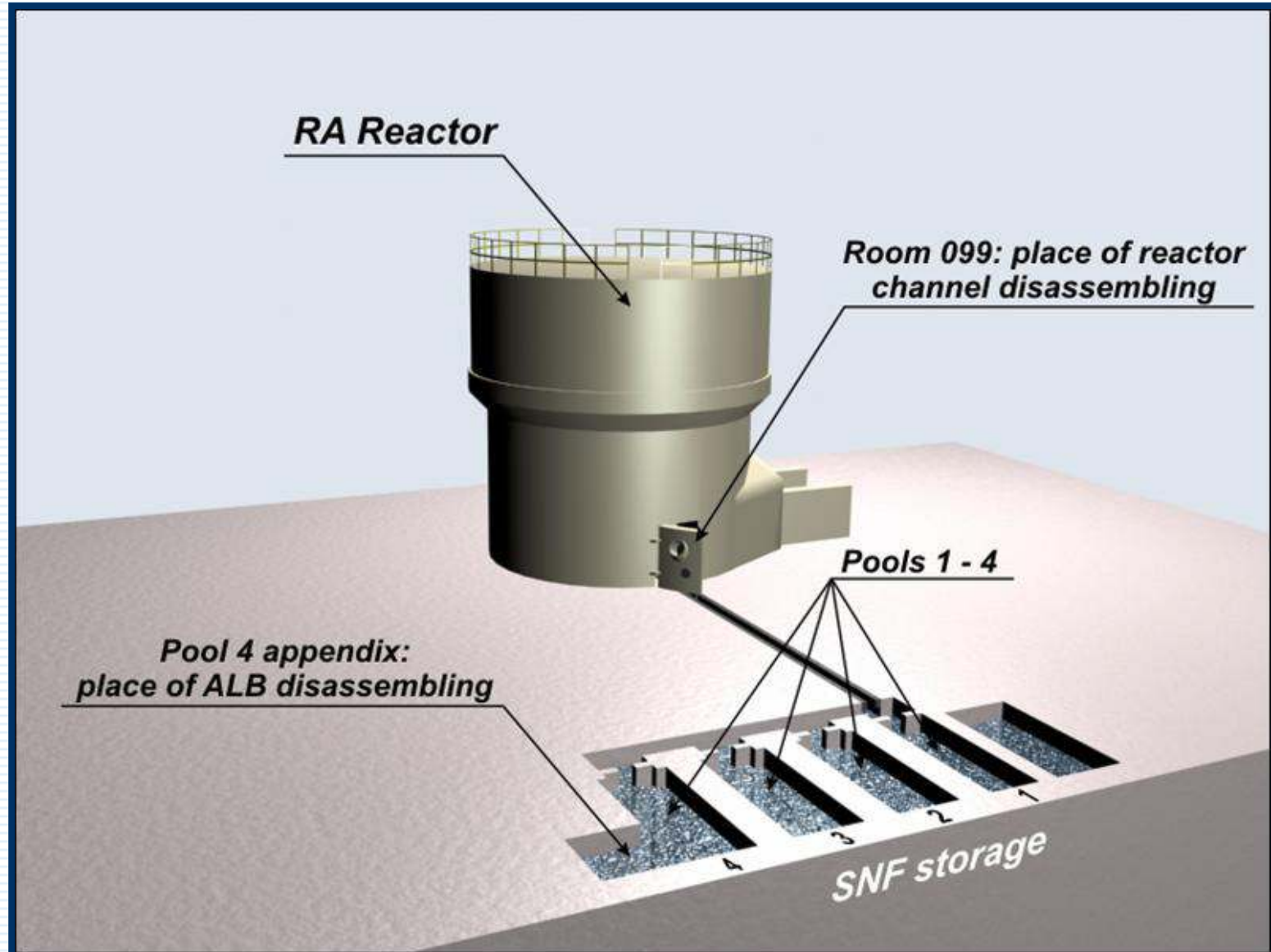
# Activities in progress

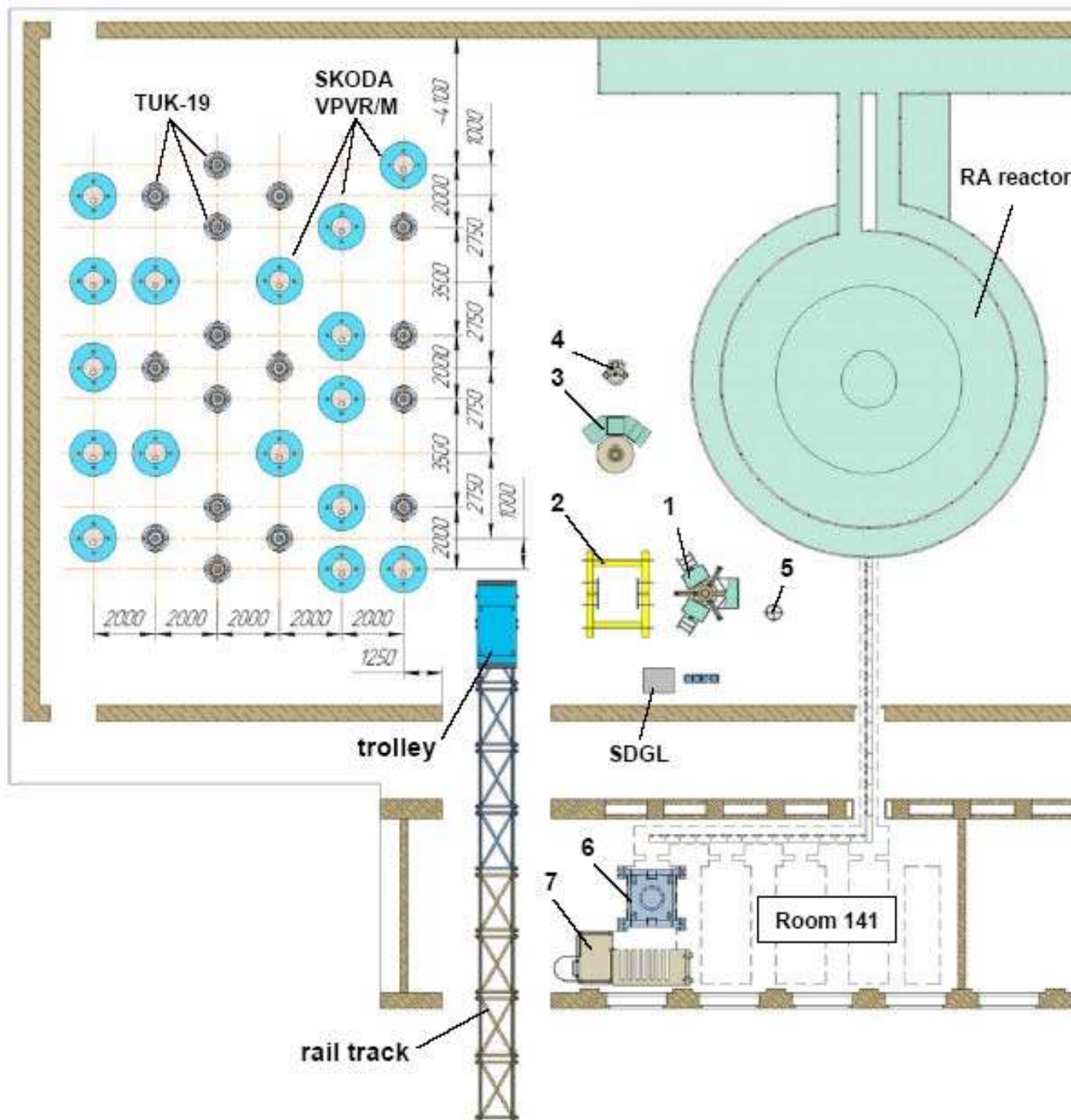
- **Radioactive waste facilities**
  - Planning for decommissioning of H1 and liquid waste tanks
  - Repackaging and rearrangement of waste packages in H2
  - Construction of H3 and SSS
  - Adaptation of an existing building for WPF
  - Cleanout activities in some areas
  - Waste inventory, data bases, QMS
- **Reactor decommissioning**
  - Planning
  - Characterization
  - Support to SNF preparatory activities
  - Regular maintenance of the safety systems and the building

# SNF Repackaging and Shipment

- Metal uranium fuel of high burnup, stored 40 years in water with bad chemistry, corrosion, leakage
- Non-suitable containers for shipment, repackaging needed before loading into transport containers
- High dose rates, contaminated water in the pools
- High activity in the containers
- Reactor infrastructure not adequate to support planned operations

# Critical operations - under water or in shielded rooms







**Carbonic strips –  
improvement of bearing  
capacity of the floor**

**16 t fork truck for  
manipulation with TC in  
the SNF storage room**



## Structures removed from the SNF pool



- **Underwater contact arc cutting, portable ventilation, respiratory protection**
- **Training on mock-ups to reduce time**
- **Non-standard waste packages – to skip exposure during segmentation**

## Structures removed from the SNF pool

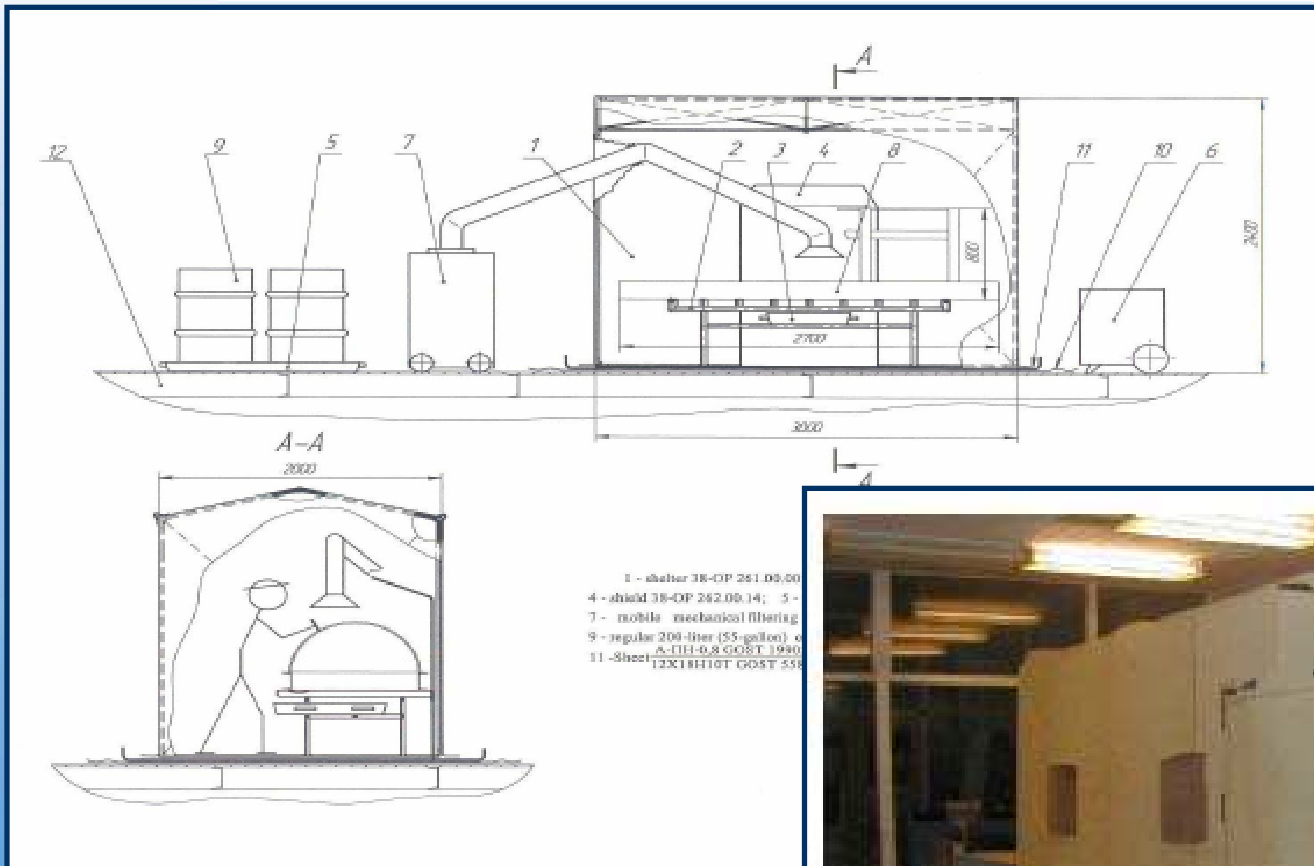


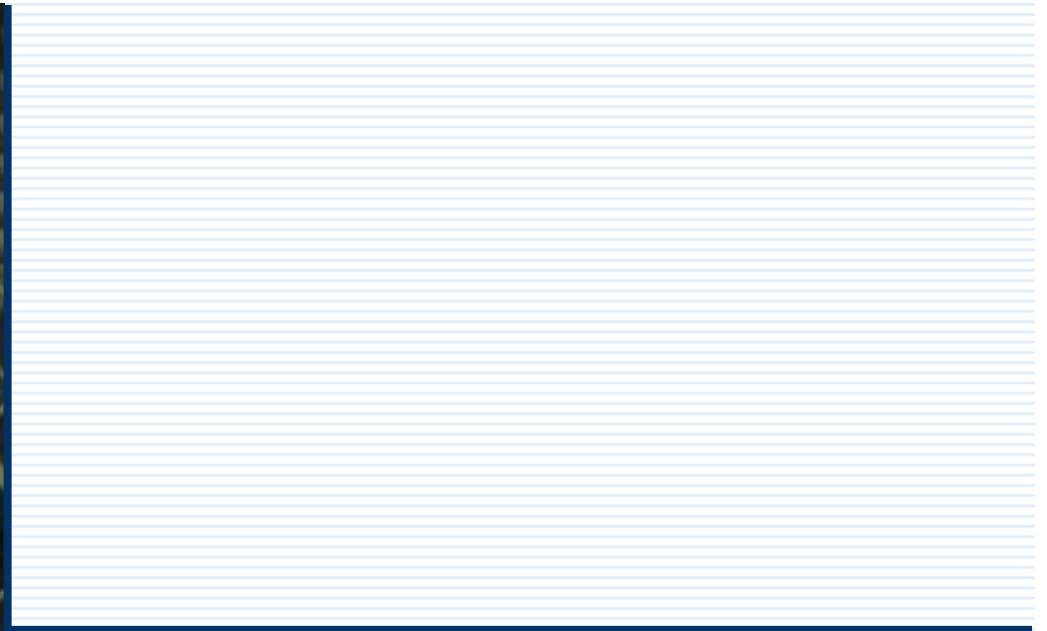
- Devices for **remote handling**
- Contact dose rates up to 2 mSv/h (**characterization !**)
- Maximal individual dose 1.2 mSv for 3 months

# Mobile ventilation units with HEPA filters



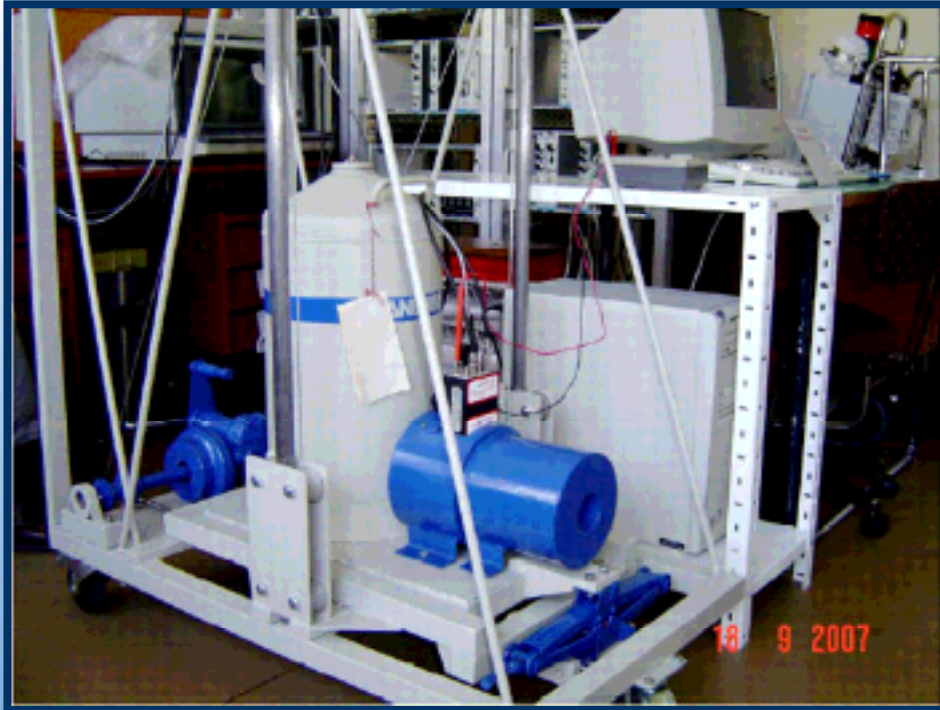
# Mobile protective tents











before

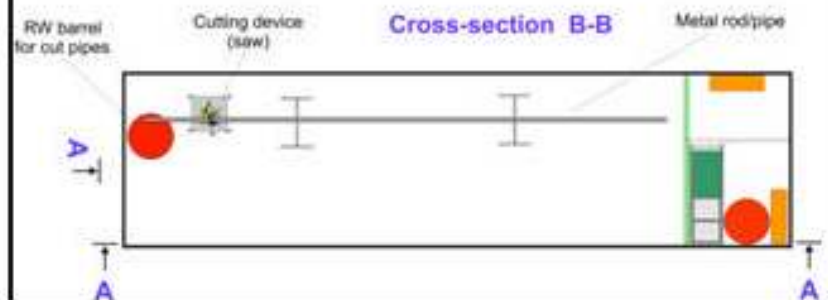
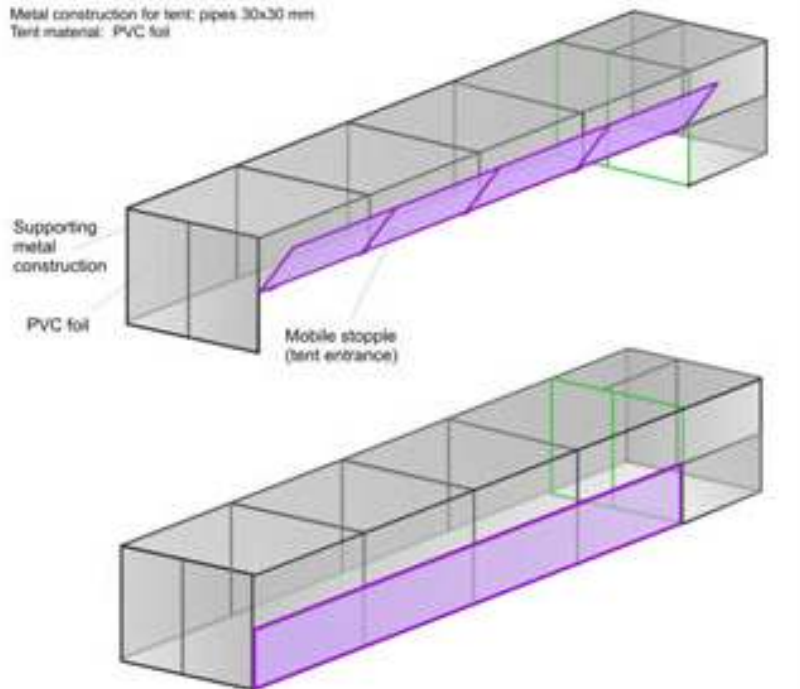


after

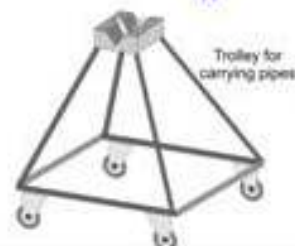
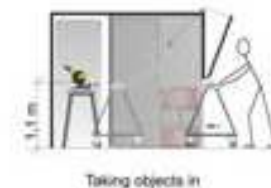
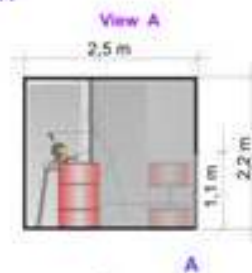
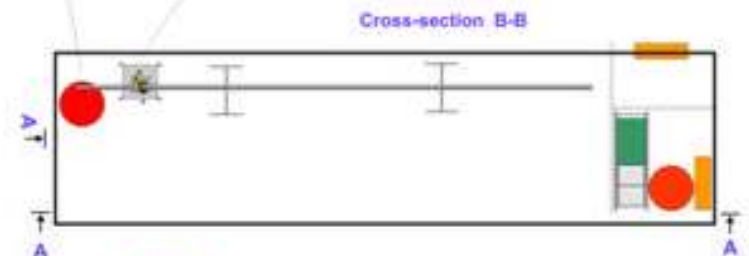
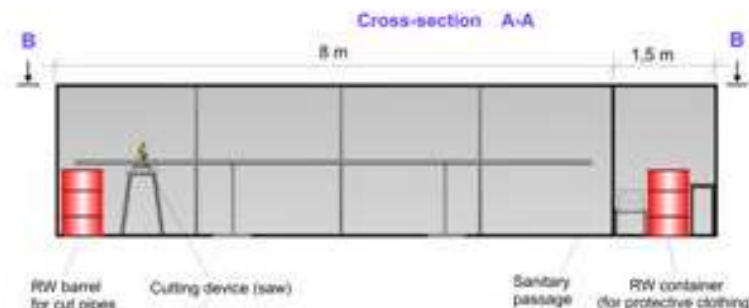
**Appendix : Decontamination tent**

Schematic presentation of the decontamination tent and the equipment for cutting pipes and objects - metal profiles in reactor RA hall

Metal construction for tent: pipes 30x30 mm  
 Tent material: PVC foil



**Disposition of objects inside the tent and illustration of the working procedure**





- **At the beginning – an open land waste storage**
- **Later – metallic hanger, corroded drums, unknown inventory**
- **Contamination and high dose rates**



- **Radioactive waste storage**
- **All waste amounts from industrial, medical and research activities in former Yugoslavia**



**DEKLARACIJA RADIOAKTIVNOG OTPADNOG MATERIJALA** JKO BPH2060001

**1. Osnovni podaci**

prekida:   Kompletibilis  
 Mesto nastanka:   Otpacitil  
 Lice koje prijavljuje RAD:   Neorganiki  
 Tip:   Zapalj  
 Tip pakovanja:   Geometrije otopine  
 Masa (kg):  Zapremina (m<sup>3</sup>):   Elipsoidalna

Ovaj RAD (opis, označeno Eu/Da i brojilnik karakteristika) Sadržaj

Gravimetrijski 100 litara sa dodatnom informacijom sadržajem: U litara sa cilindričnim radioaktivnim presoblom iznosi sa Eu-152 i Eu-154

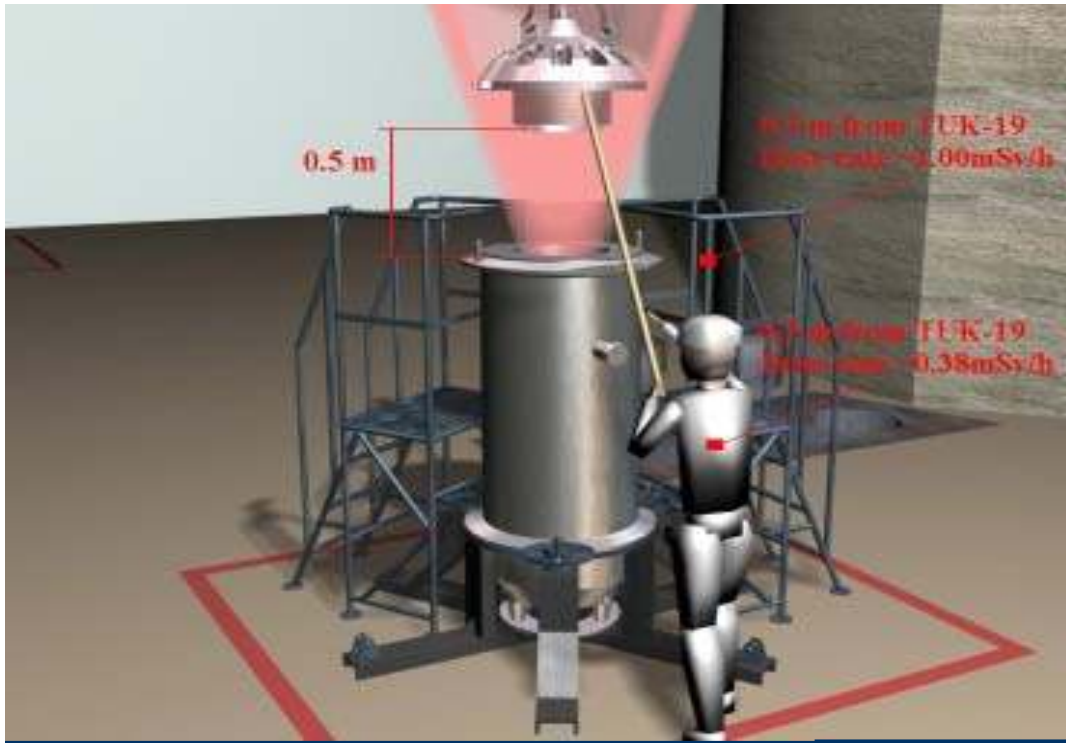
Komentar (Mla koji dodatni podaci o otpadu)

Stranica 14 of 1

**4. Izvori radioaktivnih građevina (RGR)**

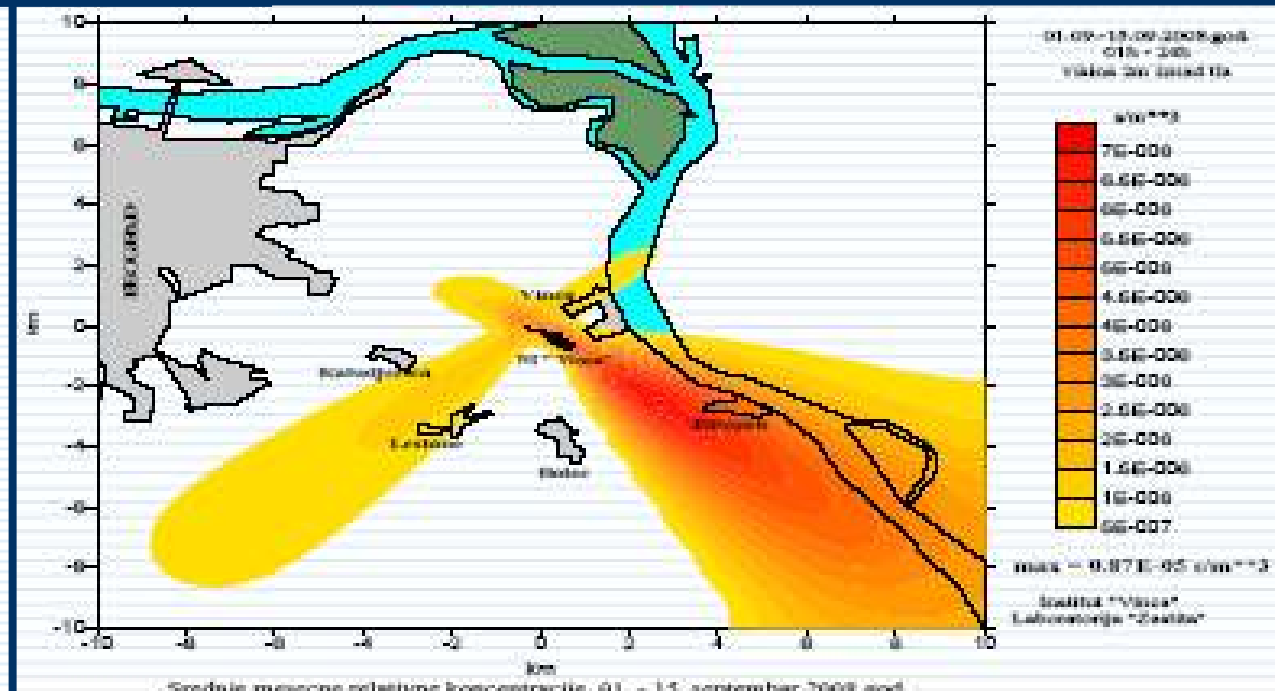
| Tip | Radioisotop    | Aktivnost (Bq) | Datum završetka | Datum preuzimanja | Izvorac otpada        | Broj | Broj postupaka/ugovora |
|-----|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------|------------------------|
| ▶   | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 8/19/2008         | Hadzic                | 1    | 5284-7                 |
|     | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 8/21/2008         | Mrdovic               | 1    | 5284-8                 |
|     | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 8/21/2008         | Mrdovic               | 1    | 5284-9                 |
|     | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 8/22/2008         | Hadzic, Sipka         | 1    | 5284-11                |
|     | Eu-152         | 6500           |                 | 9/1/2008          | D. Kosatickinovodilac | 1    | 5284-16                |
|     | Eu-152         | 6500           |                 | 9/1/2008          | D. Kosatickinovodilac | 1    | 5284-17                |
|     | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 9/1/2008          | Hadzic, Mrdovic       | 1    | 5284-18                |
|     | Eu-152, Eu-154 | 6500           |                 | 9/18/2008         | Hadzic                | 1    | 5284-20                |
|     |                | 0              |                 |                   |                       |      | 0                      |

Stranica 14 of 1



- Complex 3D simulation models for Monte Carlo calculation of dose rate fields, computer clusters

- Modeling of atmospheric dispersion of effluents



# Monitoring

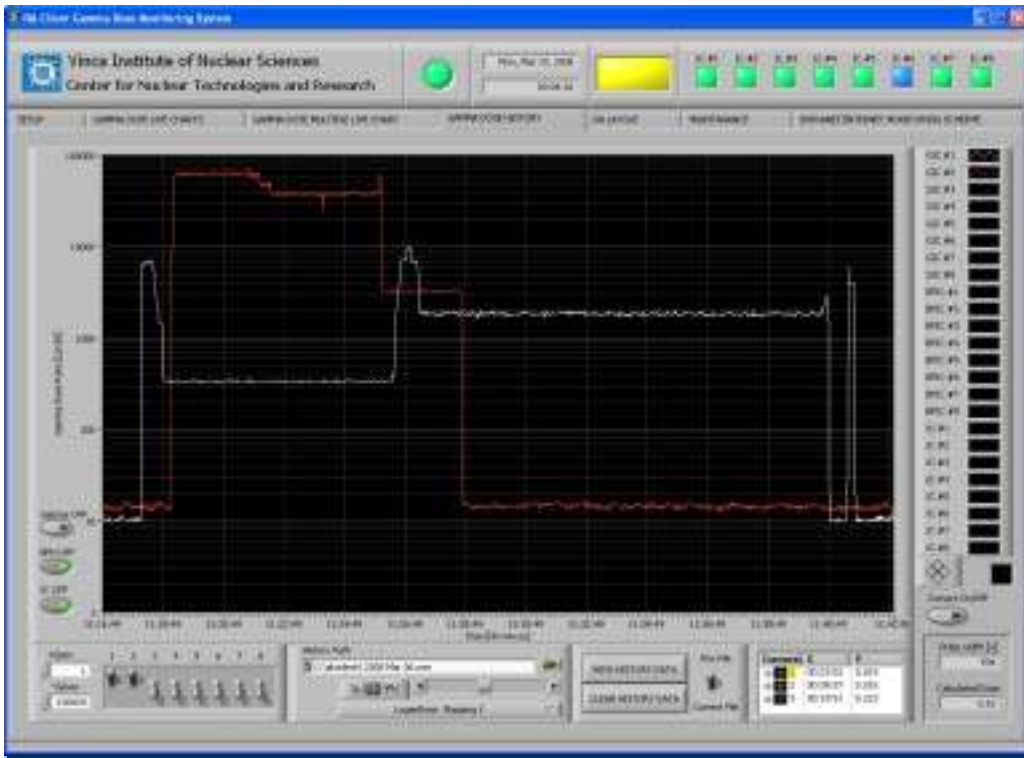


**AMS-4 and iCAM  
contamination in  
air monitors**



**GEM-5 whole body  
contamination monitor**





## Stationery dosimetry system in the reactor building

## Personal contamination monitoring



# Summary – topics of interest for IDN

- Number of activities in progress – SNF, waste facilities, reactor decommissioning
- Main criteria – safety
- Number of upgrades in order to ensure safety
- Planning
  - Significance of transition from operation to decommissioning
  - Early arrangements for SNF, availability of waste facilities
- Record Management System
  - Software tools and databases for documentation, characterization, monitoring (radiological, meteorological), radioactive waste, exposure control
- **Regulatory infrastructure to support ongoing activities**

# Summary – topics of interest for IDN

- Good experience in characterization
  - Spent fuel, activated structures, contamination, historical waste
  - Both sampling/measurement and modeling/simulation/calculation approaches
  - Good chemistry needed to support sample preparation and activation modeling (trace elements)
- Safety Assessment
  - Integration of radiological and industrial issues
  - Operational history – fuel burnup – source term/activation – dose rates for particular operations – protective measures
- Technologies
  - Dismantling - practical experience, hands-on training for technicians
  - Waste treatment technologies
- Clearance
  - Efficient procedure/equipment to release bulky items