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A NOUS D'ENTREPRENDRE

FAC PREDICTION AT EDF : A COMPARISON OF THE VERSIONS 2 AND 3 OF BRT-CICERO™

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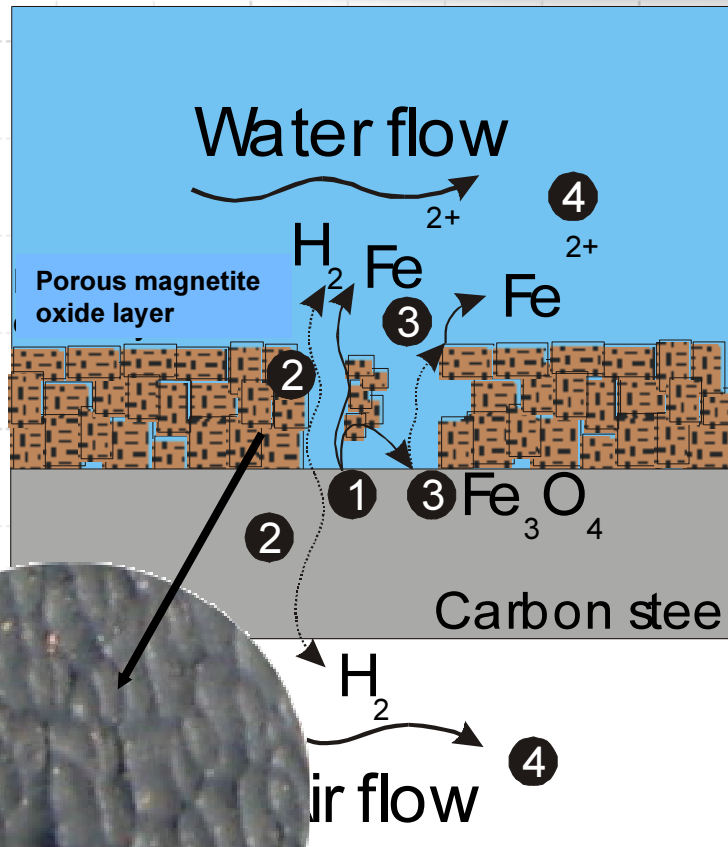
Summary of presentation

- 1. Flow Accelerated Corrosion Model**
- 2. BRT-CICERO™ software description**
- 3. BRT-CICERO™ performances and advantages**

- MECHANISM -

- Occurs on carbon steel in contact with water or wet steam at temperatures between 80 and 300°C.
- Chemical process accelerated by flow rates (mass transfer).
- Main wear mechanism in feedwater circuits.
- FAC is influenced by:
 - ✓ Flow rates and pipe geometry
 - ✓ Steam quality
 - ✓ Chemical conditions (pH)
 - ✓ Oxygen content
 - ✓ Temperature
 - ✓ Alloy impurity contents of the carbon steel.
 - ✓

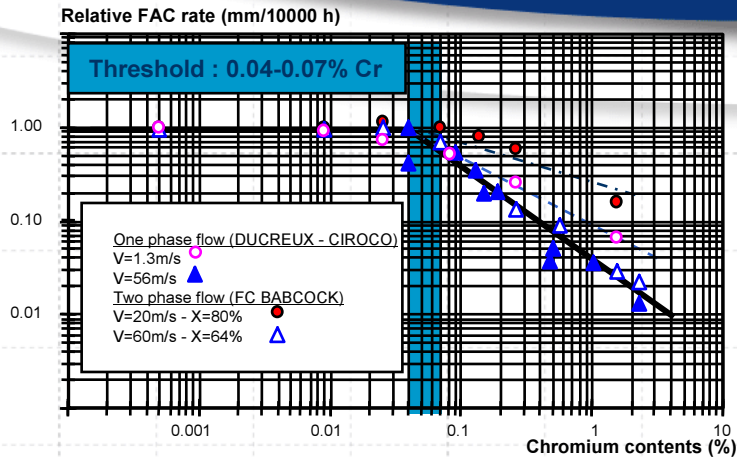
- MECHANISM -



Typical black
"Orange skin"
surface

1. Steel oxidation at the metal/oxide interface.
2. Soluble iron diffusion through porous oxide layer.
2. Hydrogen diffusion in both water and steel.
3. Dissolution of Magnetite at oxide/water surface.
4. Soluble iron transfer into water flow
Hydrogen transfer into steel structure.

- PHYSICO-CHEMICAL MODEL -



$$C_{eq} = [Fe(II)]_{total} = pH_2^{1/3} \cdot [K_1[H^+]^2 + K_2[H^+] + K_3 + K_4/[H^+]]$$

Porosity & chromium effect

$C_\infty \neq 0$

$$FAC_Rate = \frac{\theta \cdot (C_{eq} - C_\infty)}{\frac{1}{K^*} + (1-f) \left[\frac{1}{k} + \frac{\delta_{(t)}}{D} \right]}$$

$\delta < 3 \mu m$

$D = 2.5 \cdot 10^{-15} T / \mu$
 (T = temperature
 μ = dynamic viscosity)

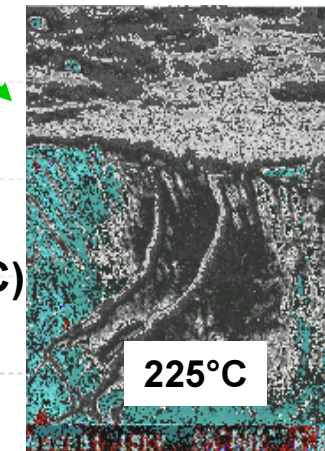
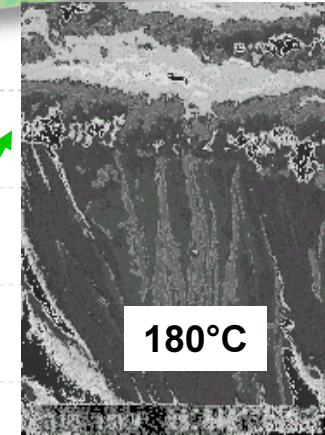
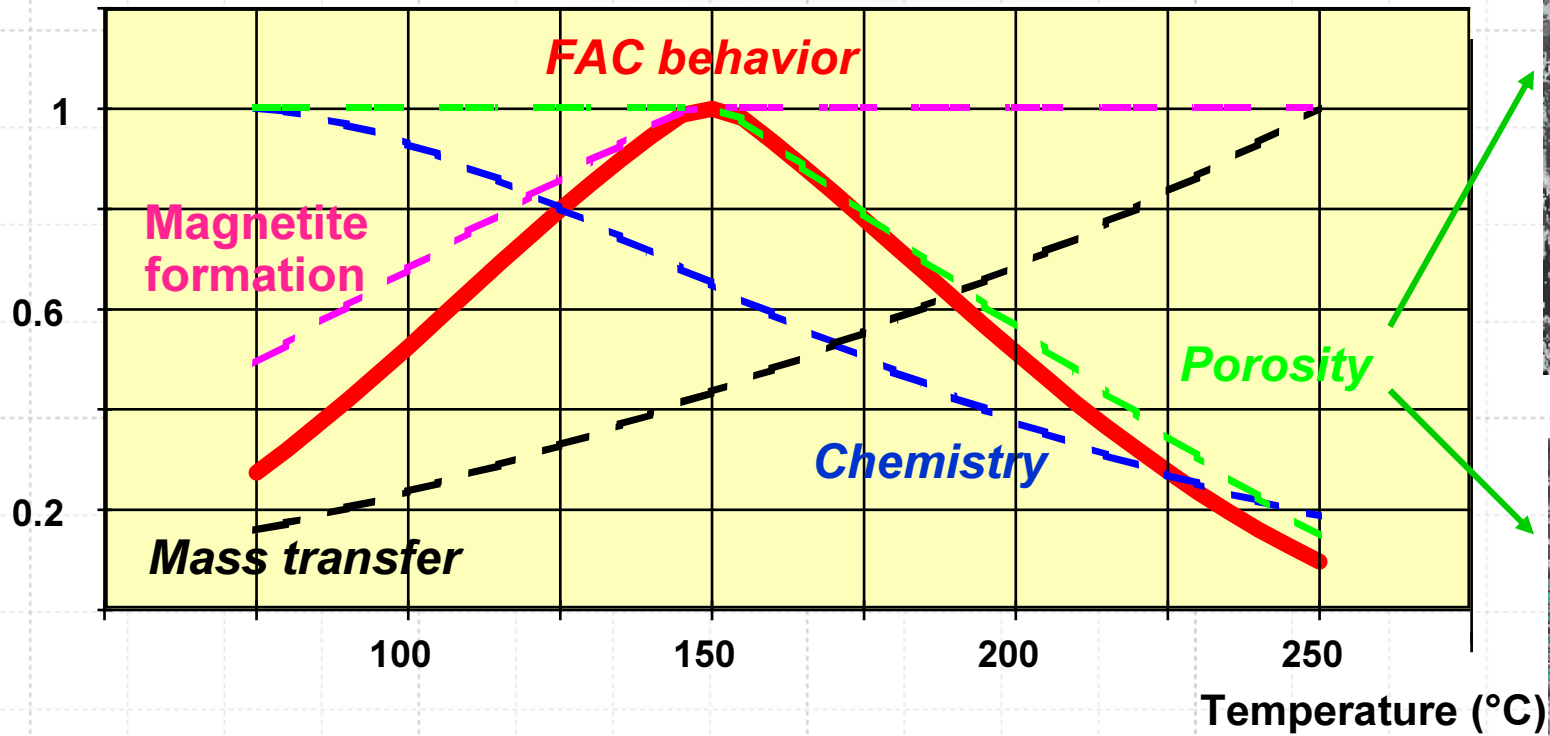
$$K^* = 2.348 \cdot 10^{14} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-147888}{8.314 \cdot T}\right)$$

$f = 0,5$

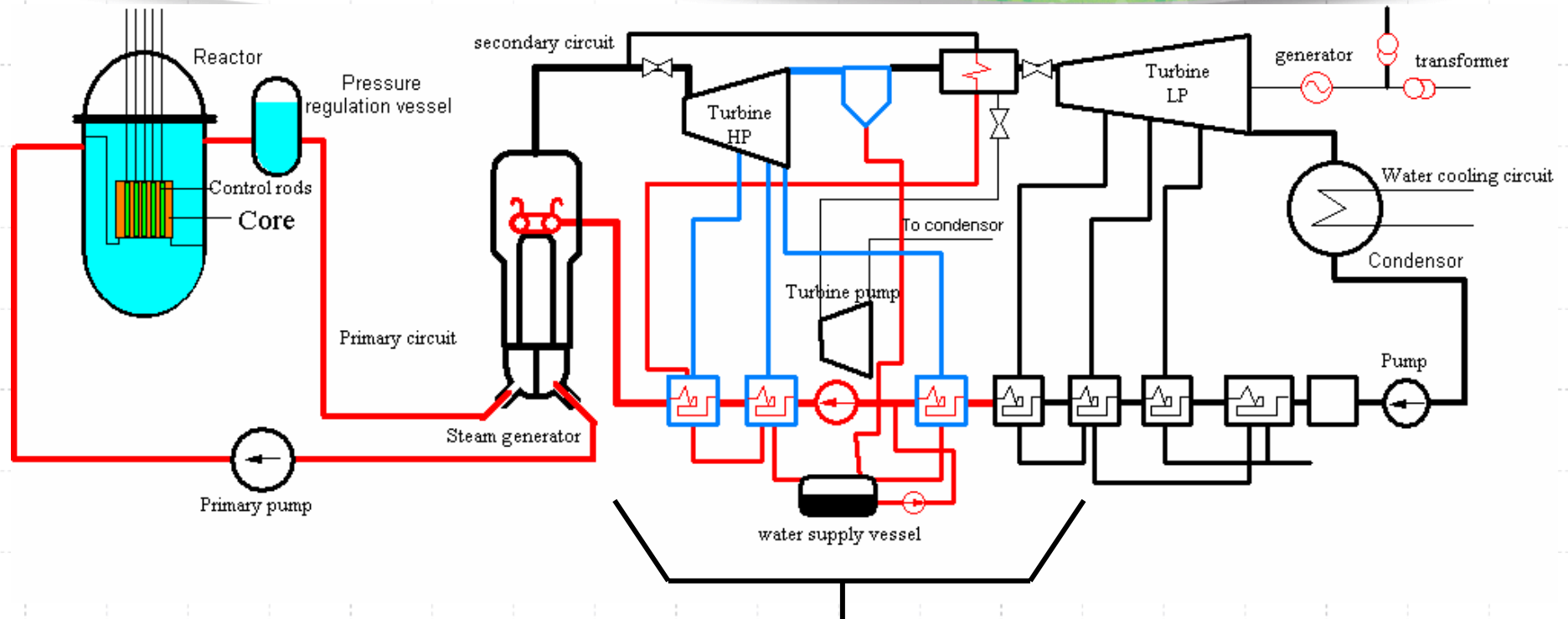
$$k = Sh \times D/d = 0.0193 \times Geox(\text{roughness}/d)^{0.2} \times RexSc^{0.4} \times D/d$$

- PHYSICO-CHEMICAL MODEL -

Relative effect



- WATER STEAM CIRCUIT -



Circuits concerned by FAC

Responsible for global wall thickness loss in condensate and feed water systems.

FAC PREDICTION AT EDF : A COMPARISON OF THE VERSIONS 2 AND 3 OF BRT-CICERO™

FAC monitoring software



Prediction tool to calculate wall thickness loss by FAC



Mandatory for all 58 PWR in France

Used by Daya-Bay / Ling Ao NPP in China

Used by Koeberg NPP in South Africa

- INPUT DATA -

Pipe design

- Isometric design
- Mechanical characteristics
- Design code
- Manufacturing tolerances
- Chromium contents (if available)

Operating conditions

- Flow rates
- Chemical specifications (pH, chemicals)
- Cycles duration
- Temperature and Pressure (Service and Design)

Inspection data

- Wall thickness measurements
- Chromium measurements

FAC PREDICTION AT EDF : A COMPARISON OF THE VERSIONS 2 AND 3 OF BRT-CICERO™

Version 2

MS Windows based environment – NT4 & 2000

Database use Borland Database format

Available since 2000

Design thickness from design codes

Direct input of measured thickness from one column text file

Calculation for thermodynamics from IAPWS 1967

Calculation for chemistry from EDF R&D studies (1980)

Version 3

MS Windows based environment – NT4, 2000, XP, Vista.

Database use an .xml format

Available since 2009 in France and ~ end 2009 for foreign customers

Design thickness from design codes or direct input

Direct input of measured thickness from one column text file or Excel-based file

Updated calculation for thermodynamics (IAPWS 1997)

Updated calculation for chemistry (EPRI – MULTEQ database V4.0)

- OUTPUT DATA -

Result of calculations:

- ✓ FAC wear rate calculation for each pipe component
- ✓ Wall thickness loss over defined periods
- ✓ Identification of critical components
- ✓ Ranking of elements regarding margin between residual & design thickness, time to reach design thickness, etc
- ✓ Pipe components life time predictions
- ✓ Inspection programs
- ✓ Maintenance optimization

FAC PREDICTION AT EDF : A COMPARISON OF THE VERSIONS 2 AND 3 OF BRT-CICERO™

Version 2

Chemicals : ammonia, hydrazine, morpholine

Only for PWR

Direct input of chromium contents

Geometric factors based on NPP feedback from analysis made in 2000.

Version 3

Chemicals : ammonia, hydrazine, morpholine, ethanolamine, boric acid, formiate, acetate, glycolate and user defined

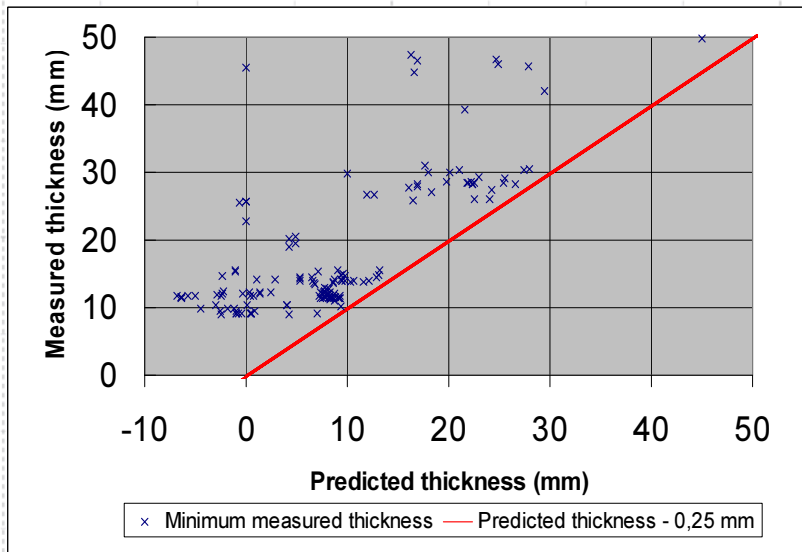
Oxygen effect for each lines and cycle (BWR)

Direct input of chromium contents and input of heat (cast) number.

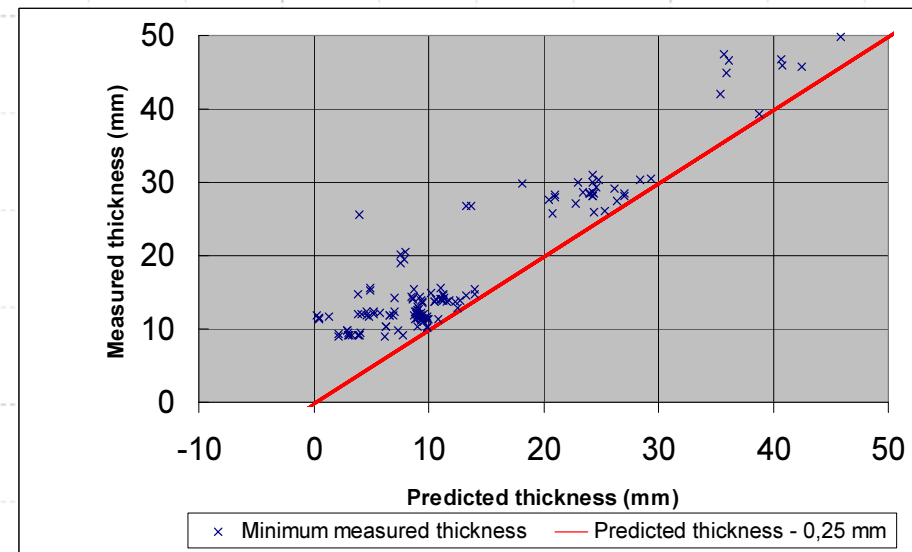
Geometric factors based on NPP feedback from analysis made in 2007 & 2008. Easy to be regularly updated.

- ANALYSIS TO OPTIMISE GEOMETRY COEFFICIENTS -

In 2008, it has been observed that the distribution of points corresponding to the lateral branch of flow junctions had an important scatter.



This scatter was reduced in BRT-CICERO™ version 3 by introducing a less conservative geometry factor for the lateral branch of flow junctions.



- CYCLE & CHEMISTRY WINDOWS -

BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Cycle characteristics

Cycle number: 1

Ref. of the inspection at the end of the cycle: RF01

Cycle start date: 01/05/1985 (dd/mm/yyyy) ...

Cycle end date: 08/06/1986 (dd/mm/yyyy) ...

Operating time: 7528 hours

Full power equivalent time: 7528 hours

Validated cycle ...

Chemistry... Oxygen... Validate

BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Chemistry characteristics

Cycle number: 1 Inspection reference: RF01

Ammonia: 2.04 mg/kg of water	Morpholine: mg/kg of water
Ethanolamine: mg/kg of water	Hydrazine: 120.0 µg/kg of water
Acetate: µg/kg of water	Boric acid: µg/kg of water
Formate: µg/kg of water	Glycolate: µg/kg of water

Define a data base... Define a data base...

*Legend: mg/kg=ppm µg/kg=ppb

Cold pH: with base Ammonia

Validate Cancel

- HISTORY OF CHEMISTRY -

EDF
Energie
Eau
Gaz

BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Chemistries history display

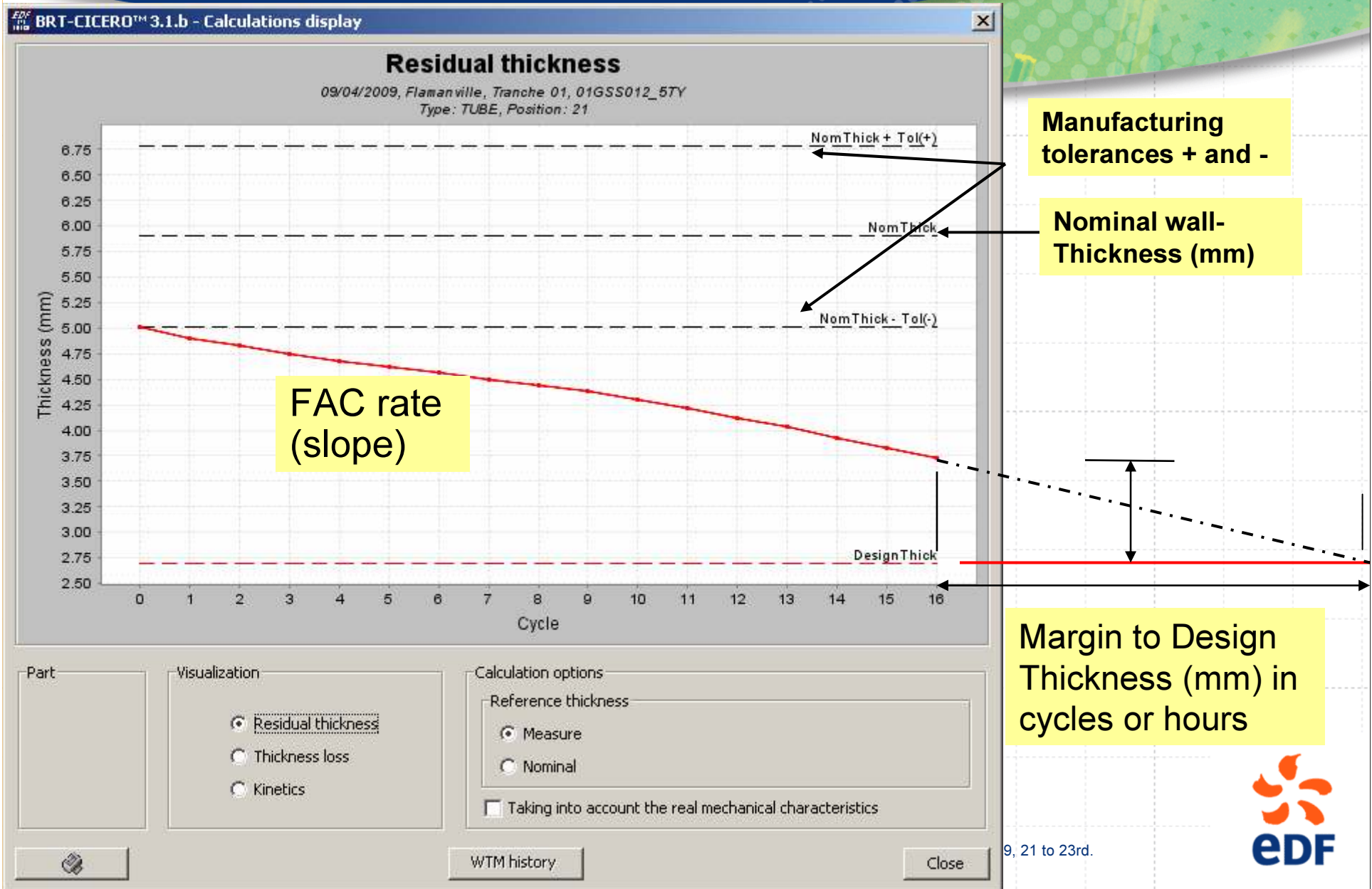
Cycle nu...	Referenc...	Duration ...	Full pow...	Cycle sta...	Cycle en...	pH at 25°C	pH origin	Ammonia...	Morpholi...	Ethanol...	Hydrazin...	Acetate (...)	Boric aci...	Formate ...	Glycolate...
1	RF01	7528	7528	01/05/1985	08/06/1986	9.573	Calculated	2.04			120				
2	RF02	7436	7436	11/07/1986	24/05/1987	9.602	Calculated	2.29			18				
3	RF03	7479	7479	24/06/1987	15/05/1988	9.687	Calculated	3.2			60				
4	RF04	8484	8484	17/06/1988	04/06/1989	9.73	Calculated	3.8			20				
5	RF05	9921	9921	14/07/1989	01/09/1990	9.75	Calculated	4.13			33				
6	RF06	9500	9500	05/10/1990	15/10/1991	9.789	Calculated	4.84			30				
7	RF07	10110	10110	30/11/1991	27/02/1993	9.894	Calculated	7.47			30				
8	RF08	9527	9527	04/04/1993	07/05/1994	9.822	Calculated	5.55			30				
9	RF09	10333	10333	20/06/1994	26/08/1995	9.856	Calculated	6.38			100				
10	RF010	9164	9164	09/10/1995	30/11/1996	9.9	Calculated	7.66			50				
11	RF011	12336	12336	01/01/1997	29/05/1998	9.904	Calculated	7.82			50				
12	RF012	12792	12792	14/08/1998	29/01/2000	9.95	Calculated	9.49			111				
13	RF013	13296	13296	24/02/2000	31/08/2001	9.956	Calculated	9.7			105				
14	RF014	13440	13440	28/09/2001	14/04/2003	9.96	Calculated	9.88			93				
15	RF015	12292	12292	18/05/2003	25/09/2004	9.99	Calculated	11.24			87				
16	RF016	11684	11684	28/10/2004	27/02/2006	9.95	Calculated	9.49			78				

Close

Pipe characteristics

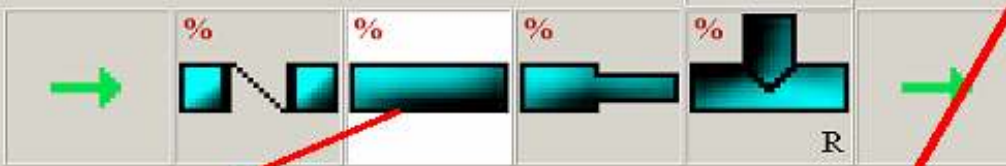
The screenshot displays the 'BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.b - Line characteristics' dialog box. The left sidebar contains a 'Summary' section with the following data: Plant label: 01ADG028_5TY, Database label: ADG028_5, Number of elements: 13, Fluid: Feedwater, Humidity: 1.0, Nominal temp.: 128.4 °C, Absolute nominal pres.: 10.55 bar, Design temp.: 137.0 °C, Absolute design pres.: 30.0 bar, Flowrate: 270.6 kg/s. Below this is a 'Legend' section with a table for material grades (Mg, R) and their corresponding chromium (Cr) content ranges. The main dialog box contains fields for 'Database label' (ADG028_5), 'Plant label' (01ADG028_5TY), 'Design system' (ADG), and 'Upstream line' (None). It also includes sections for 'Fluid' (Feedwater), 'Humidity' (1.0), 'Nominal temperature' (128.4 °C), 'Design temperature' (137.0 °C), 'Absolute nominal pressure' (10.55 bar), 'Absolute design pressure' (30.0 bar), and 'Flowrate' (270.6 kg/s). Further down are fields for 'Origin' (ADG027), 'Destination' (ADG133_B), 'Fonctional role' (Entrée N°1 Dégazeur), and 'ISO reference' (PZ 10A03138 3621 T MEP). At the bottom of the dialog are checkboxes for 'Validated line' and 'SR Line', and 'Modify' and 'Close' buttons. To the right of the dialog is a schematic diagram of a pipe system with a vertical section and a horizontal section. A green arrow points to a specific pipe element in the horizontal section, which is highlighted by an orange box labeled 'Pipe element'.

- FAC RATE AND MARGIN CALCULATION -



Element characteristics

Pipe design



▶ Current line
 ▶ Current element
 ▶ Add element

Summary

Plant label: Pipe28
 Database label: Pipe28
 Design code: ASME Classe 2
 Dim. standard: ANSI B16.9
 Cr Content: 0.0 %
 Content origin: Manufacturer
 Design thickness: 6.56 mm

Legend

Pipe element

BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Element characteristics: Tube 2

Plant label: Pipe28

Design code: ASME Classe 2

Material: A106 Grade B <> SA 106

Comments: Migration V3

Dimensional standard: ANSI B16.9

Tol +: 12.5 % Tol -: 12.5 %

Manufacturing mode: Seamless

Number of welds: 0 Weld joint factor: 1.0

Diameter: 457.2 mm Thickness: 12.0 mm

Length: 248.5 mm

Cr content: 0.0 % Origin: Manufacturer

Cast number:

Design thickness

Real: mm Design code: 6.56 mm Input: mm

Upstream Downstream Validate Cancel

Chrome content

% Cr < 0,04%
 % 0,04% ≤ Cr < 0,1%
 % 0,1% ≤ Cr

Inspection

Mi Initial guaranteed measure
 Mg Measure from a grid
 Ms Single initial measure

Mechanical characteristics

C Real mechanical characteristics

Replacement

R Replaced element

Direction of flow and connection

→ No connection or connection to a line
 → connection to a line via a tee
 → Multiple connections

- TABLE OF MARGIN CALCULATION -

EDF
BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Residual thickness prevision after inspection: 16 (RF016)

Additional time at the end of cycle: hours Cycle mean duration: hours

Line	Position	Type	Part	Element	Nominal...	Mini. manu...	Referen...	Ref. of reference...	Margin (mm)	Time (cycles)	Inspe...	Desig...	Ref. of ...	Kinetics ...	
T1209	1	ELBO	Intrados	45Elbow80	8.00	7.00	7.00	Nominal	-1.30	--			5.09	Calculation	0.33
T1209	1	ELBO	Extrados	45Elbow80	8.00	7.00	7.00	Nominal	-1.30	--			5.09	Calculation	0.33
T1209	2	TUBE		Pipe81	8.00	7.00	6.79	WTM	1.32	5	15	5.09	Calculation	0.33	
T1209	3	ELBO	Intrados	45Elbow82	8.00	7.00	3.64	WTM	-1.45	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.23
T1209	3	ELBO	Extrados	45Elbow82	8.00	7.00	3.64	WTM	-1.45	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.23
T1209	4	MAVALV		Valve83	10.00	8.75	8.75	Nominal	-3.43	--			5.09	Calculation	0.35
T1209	5	TUBE		Pipe84	10.00	8.75	7.68	WTM	2.20	8	15	5.09	Calculation	0.33	
T1209	6	OJET		Tee85	10.00	8.75	8.75	Nominal	-4.20	--			5.09	Calculation	0.38
T1209	7	TUBE		Pipe86	10.00	8.75	8.75	Nominal	0.93	8			5.09	Calculation	0.13
T1209	8	ELBO	Intrados	90Elbow87	10.00	8.75	4.85	WTM	-0.24	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.26
T1209	8	ELBO	Extrados	90Elbow87	10.00	8.75	4.85	WTM	-0.24	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.26
T1209	9	TUBE		Pipe88	10.00	8.75	8.75	Nominal	-1.69	--			5.09	Calculation	0.26
T1209	10	ELBO	Intrados	90Elbow89	10.00	8.75	6.28	WTM	0.58	2	14	5.09	Calculation	0.26	
T1209	10	ELBO	Extrados	90Elbow89	10.00	8.75	6.28	WTM	0.58	2	14	5.09	Calculation	0.26	
T1209	11	ELBO	Intrados	45Elbow90	10.00	8.75	6.32	WTM	0.53	2	14	5.09	Calculation	0.30	
T1209	11	ELBO	Extrados	45Elbow90	10.00	8.75	6.32	WTM	0.53	2	14	5.09	Calculation	0.30	
T1209	12	TUBE		Pipe91	10.00	8.75	8.75	Nominal	-2.59	--			5.09	Calculation	0.30
T1209	13	ELBO	Intrados	45Elbow92	10.00	8.75	4.74	WTM	-0.35	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.16
T1209	13	ELBO	Extrados	45Elbow92	10.00	8.75	4.74	WTM	-0.35	--		16	5.09	Calculation	0.16
T1209	14	TUBE		Pipe93	10.00	8.75	7.37	WTM	2.28	17	16	5.09	Calculation	0.16	

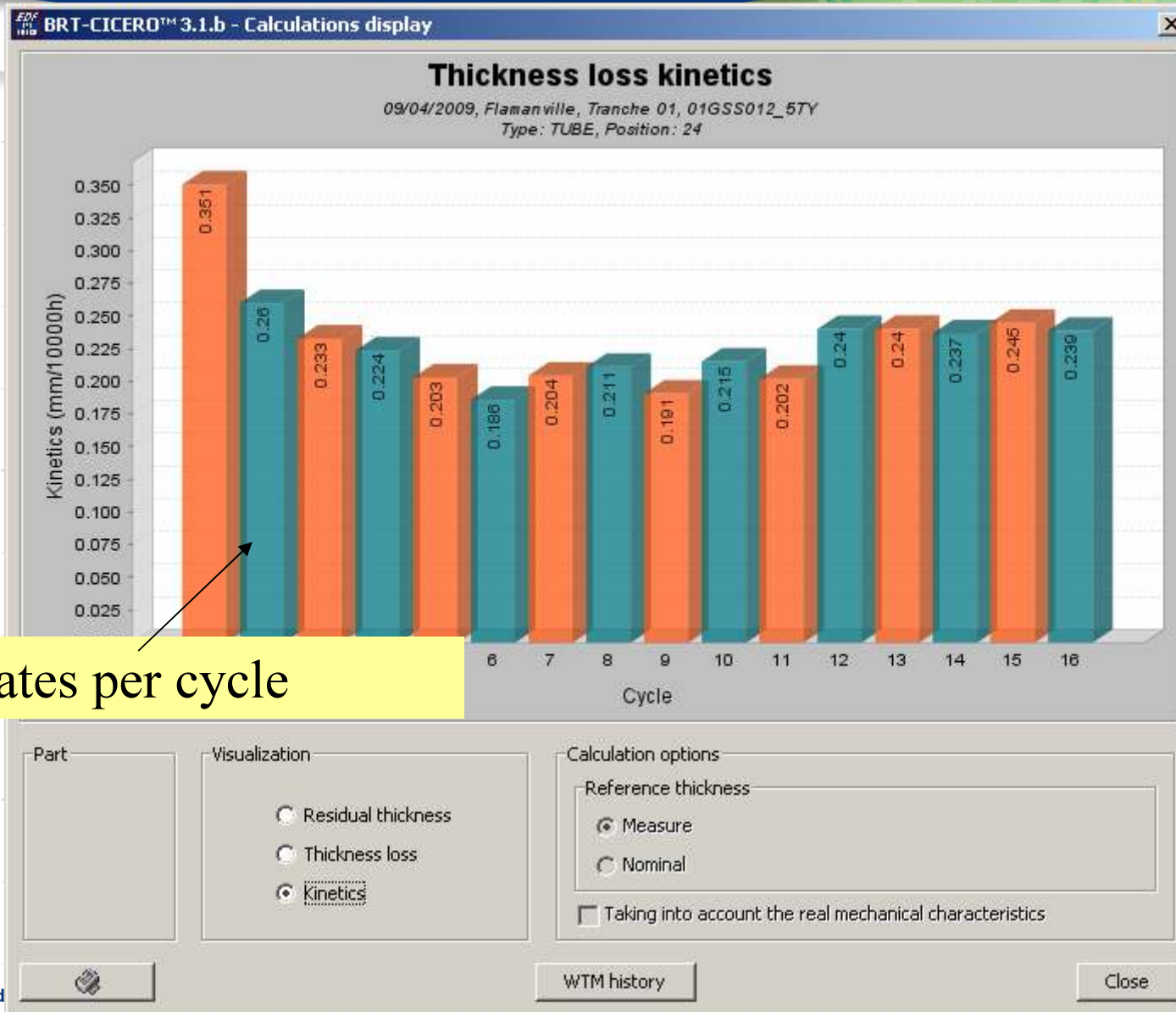
Display options:
 Standard uncertainty Restriction to piping components
 Conservative uncertainty Taking into account Tol-
 Underthick

Calculation options:
 Reference thickness
 Measure
 Mechanical characteristics

Close

Elements to be inspected
 ➤ if margin < 0 mm
 ➤ If n° cycles < 1

- FAC RATE AND MARGIN CALCULATION -



FAC rates per cycle

- INPUT OF CHROMIUM CONTENT -

BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.a - Element characteristics: Elbow 7

Database label: 43/8810 Plant label: GRAVELINES

Chromium measurement

Material: A48C1 <> NFA 36205
Type of elbow: Elbow
Comments: Migration V3

Dimensional standard: NFA 36205

Intrados: Tol +: 1.2 mm Tol -: 0.73 mm
Extrados: Tol +: 1.2 mm Tol -: 0.5 mm

Manufacturing mode: Half-shelled
Number of welds: 2 Weld joint factor: 0.9

Diameter: 558.8 mm Thickness: 14.0 mm
Bending radius: 762.0 mm Angle: 90.0 deg
Angle between the planes of the elbows: 0.0 deg

Cr content: 0.14 % ... Origin: Plant
Cast number:

Design thickness

Intrados		Extrados	
Real:	mm	Real:	mm ...
Design code:	11.69 mm	Design code:	11.69 mm
Input:	mm	Input:	mm ...

Upstream Downstream Validate Cancel

- INPUT OF WALL THICKNESS MEASUREMENTS -

The software interface displays a 3D model of a pipe with measurement points A through H. The main window, titled "BRT-CICERO™ 3.1.b - Inspection measures visualization", contains the following sections:

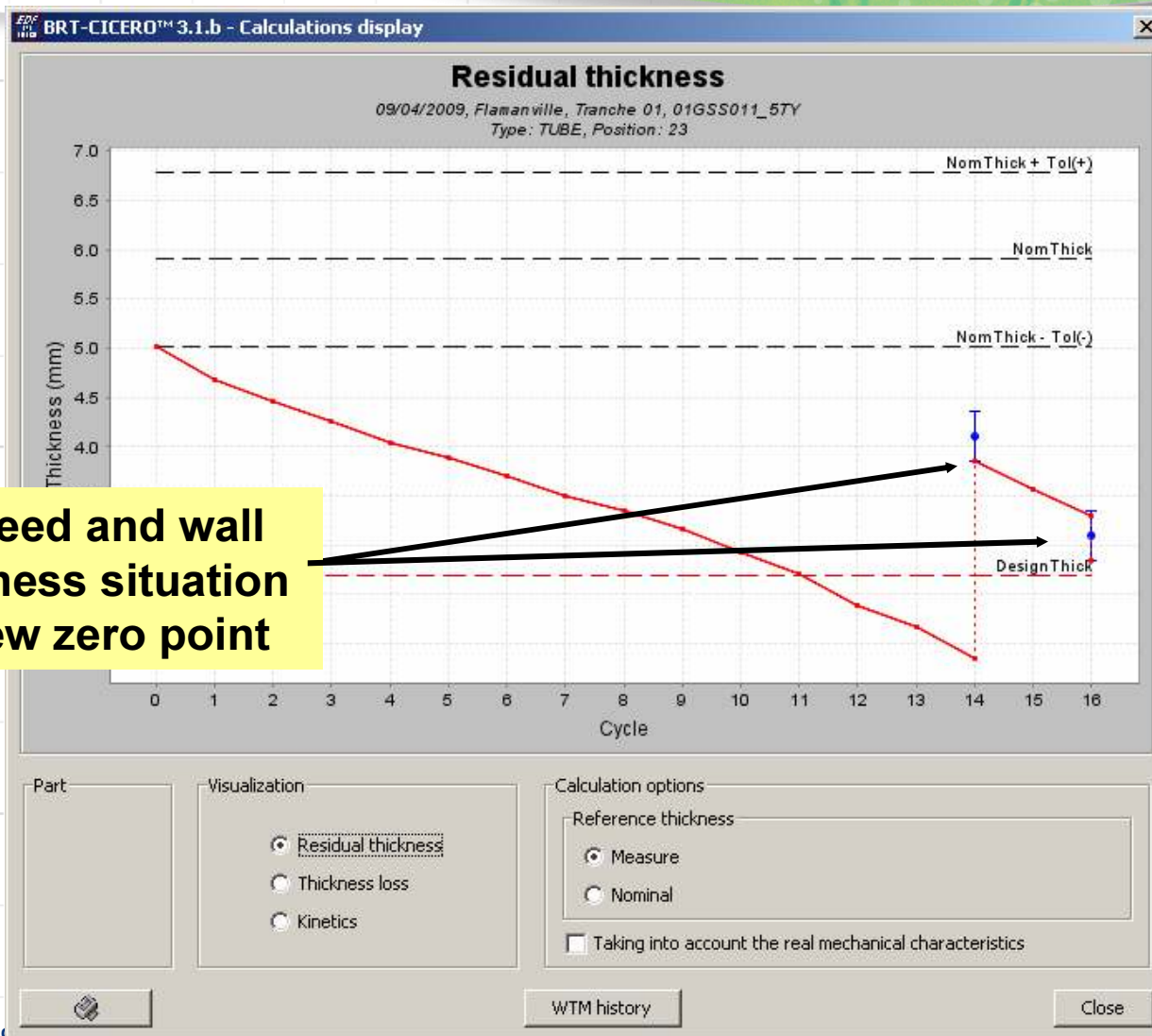
- Grid:** A table showing wall thickness measurements for 8 generators across 8 points.
- Additional measures list:** A table with columns for Points list, Min. value, Author, Date, and Comment.
- Display options:** Checkboxes for Min. value, Max. value, and UTH.
- Complementary informations:** Nominal thickness: 5.9 mm, Tol +: 15.0 %, Tol -: 15.0 %, Design thickness: 2.69 mm.
- Line choice:** A circular diagram with points A through H marked.
- Measures distribution:** A diagram showing upstream and downstream measurement points with pitch and diameter (d) labels.
- Visualization:** A graph showing wall thickness measurements over distance.

The graph, titled "All lines", displays the following data series:

- NomThick + Tol(+) + Abs.Unc.
- NomThick
- NomThick - Tol(-) - Abs.Unc.
- DesignThick

The graph shows the wall thickness (Measure in mm) on the y-axis (ranging from 2.5 to 7.0) versus Distance (mm) on the x-axis (ranging from 30 to 360). The DesignThick is constant at 2.69 mm. The NomThick is constant at 5.9 mm. The tolerance bands are defined by the upper and lower lines.

- INPUT OF INSPECTION DATA & MARGIN CALCULATION -



FAC speed and wall thickness situation at new zero point

File Find Unit Line Element Calculation Inspection Regulations Help

Current line
Current element
Add element

Summary
Plant label: 90Elbow89
Database label: 90Elbow89
Design code: ASME Classe 2
Dim. standard: ANSI B16.9
Cr Content: 0.0 %
Content origin: Manufacturer
Design thickness:
- intrados: 5.09 mm
- extrados: 5.09 mm

Legend

	%	C
Chrome content		
% Cr < 0,04%	■	■
0,04% ≤ Cr < 0,1%	■	■
0,1% ≤ Cr	■	■

Inspection

Mi Initial guaranteed measure
Mg Measure from a grid
Ms Single initial measure

Mechanical characteristics

C Real mechanical characteristics

Replacement

R Replaced element

Direction of flow and connection

→ No connection or connection to a line
→ connection to a line via a tee
→ Multiple connections

10 ELBO

This element has been replaced

This element has been inspected

- Wall thickness
- Chromium content

FEEDBACK

BRT-CICERO™ is :

- **In operation since mid 90's in France**
- **Mandatory for the 58 EDF PWR**

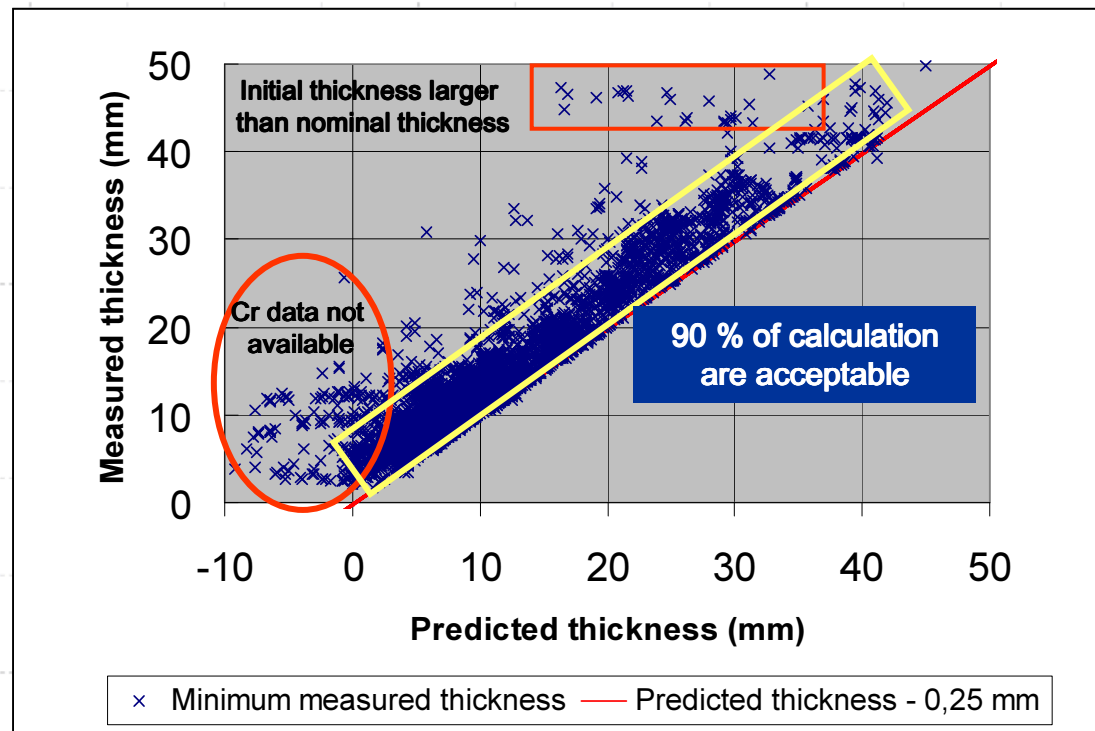
6300 pipe components were inspected by UT between 1980 and 2005

102 components found below wall design thickness and replaced

- **42 bends**
- **29 reducers**
- **31 tubes**

Only 11 cases of residual thickness underestimation (= 0,17 %)

Measured versus predicted thickness graph



A new feedback analysis is in progress for 2010

INSPECTION PROGRAM

Maintenance and inspections on critical components

- ✓ **Based on BRT-CICERO™ calculations**
- ✓ **Wall thickness measurements by UT on defined grids**
- ✓ **Chromium measurements (XRF / documental analyses)**
- ✓ **Component replacements**
- ✓ **EDF develops and qualifies all necessary NDE procedures**

GLOBAL BENEFITS & FEEDBACK

- ✓ Steam leak and pipe rupture prevention
- ✓ Optimisation of outage inspection programs (avoids systematic and unnecessary inspections)
- ✓ Long term maintenance strategy
- ✓ Cost benefits due to limited inspection volumes (no calibration measurements needed) – 20 to 100 components measured every second outages (~ 3000 € / component)
- ✓ Accepted by the French regulation authority, that authorizes to perform limited inspections based on BRT-CICERO™ predictions for regulated steam-water pipes

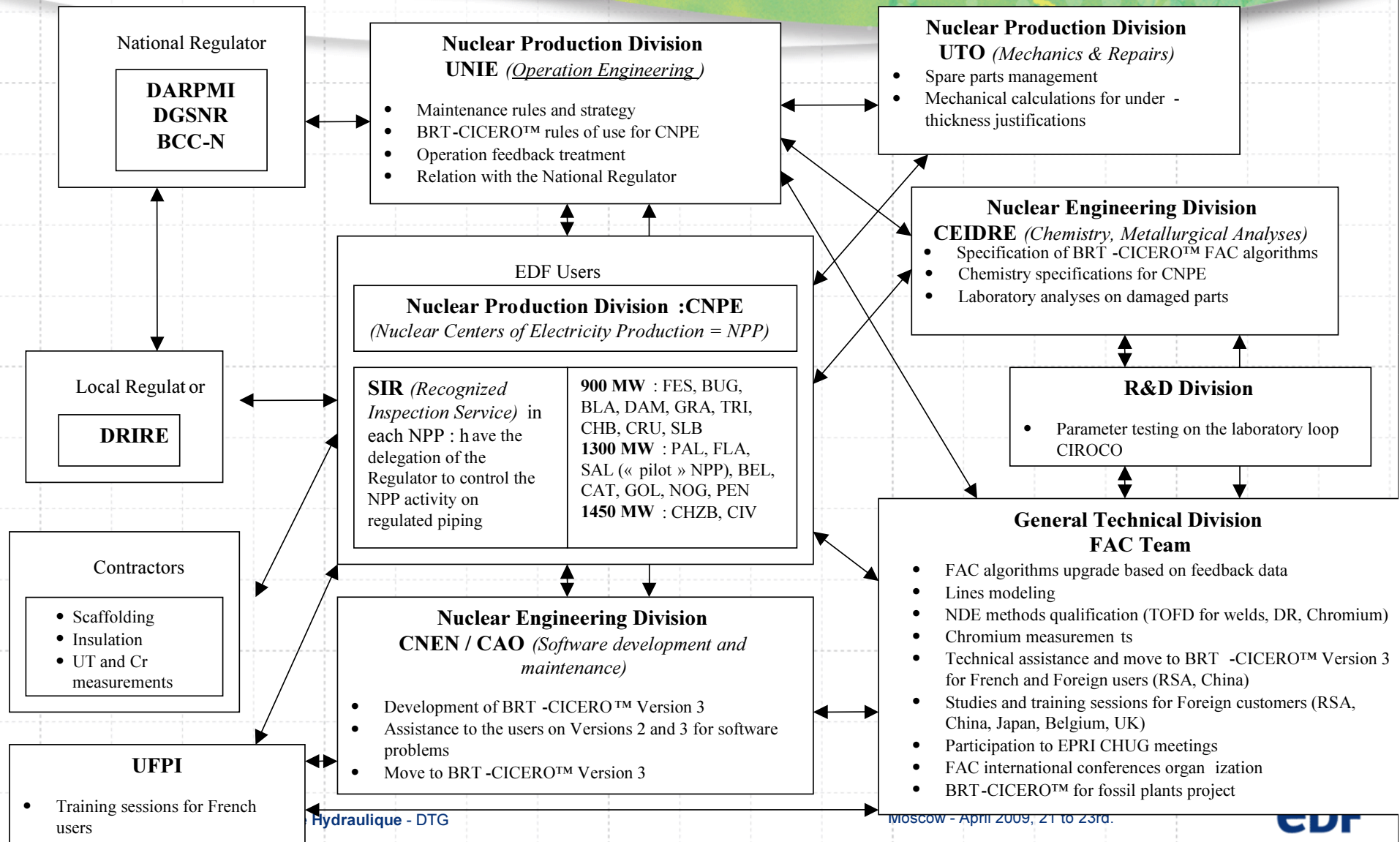
ADVANTAGES

- Turbine hall piping data in a single data base
- Identification of critical components, calculation of time to reach design thickness
- Thickness predictions are conservative (safe)
- Increased level of safety
- Optimised inspection programs
- Enables long term maintenance strategy
- No need to calibrate the model with prior UT inspections results. Minimum measured thickness only used as a new “zero” point
- No need to input the entire heat balance diagram
- Regularly updated : chromium, chemistry and geometrical effects, etc.
- Major skills on FAC are developed and maintained at EDF

LIMITS AND CONSTRAINTS

- Conservative assumptions must be made if some parameters are not available (operating times, flow rates, chromium contents, etc.)
- Needs to create a data base for each plant (~ 2 man.month if all data available for main FAC sensitive lines)
- Quality assurance must be spread out to guarantee the data validity (data input and control)
- Strong involvement of management needed

UNITS INVOLVED AT EDF INTO FAC MANAGEMENT



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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